DIRECTING INNUSICAL THEATRE AN ESSENTIAL GUIDE





Directing in Musical Theatre

This comprehensive guide, from the author of *Acting in Musical Theatre*, will equip aspiring directors with all of the skills that they will need in order to guide a production from beginning to end. From the very first conception and collaborations with crew and cast, through rehearsals and technical production, all the way to the final performance, Joe Deer covers the full range.

Deer's accessible and compellingly practical approach uses proven, repeatable methods for addressing all aspects of a production. The focus at every stage is on working with others, using insights from experienced, successful directors to tackle common problems and devise solutions. Each section uses the same structure, to stimulate creative thinking:

- Timetables: detailed instructions on what to do and when, to provide a flexible organization template
- Prompts and investigations: addressing conceptual questions about style, characterization and design
- Skills workshops: exercises and "how-to" guides to essential skills
- Essential forms and formats: Including staging notation, script annotation and rehearsal checklists
- Case studies: well-known productions show how to apply each chapter's ideas

Directing in Musical Theatre not only provides all of the essential skills, but explains when and how to put them to use – how to *think like a director*.

Joe Deer is Distinguished Professor of Musical Theatre and Director of The Musical Theatre Initiative at Wright State University. He is also an experienced director, choreographer, actor, dancer, stage manager and artistic director. He is the award-winning director or choreographer of productions from Off-Broadway to America's finest regional, summer stock and university stages. Joe has been a musical theatre educator for almost thirty years, teaching in New York City at Steps Studio, Dance Theatre of Harlem, The American Dance Machine and many regional studios. He is a frequent contributor to theatre publications including *Teaching Theatre Journal* and *The Voice and Speech Review*.

Endorsements for Directing in Musical Theatre:

"This will be an essential handbook for anyone faced with the challenge of directing a musical. Deer writes from a wealth of experience in directing, and a thorough knowledge of the musical theatre repertoire."

Dominic Symonds, University of Portsmouth, UK

"Finally! A step-by-step handbook on how to direct musicals. Joe Deer's *Directing in Musical Theatre* is the perfect book for aspiring and experienced directors alike. The craft of directing can be quite mysterious, but as Joe masterfully tells it, with thoughtful insight, extraordinary detail and great passion, the director's role becomes vividly clear. This book is sure to become a valuable resource for anyone working in the theatre."

Marcia Milgrom Dodge, Tony Award-nominated director and choreographer, *Ragtime*

"A terrific analysis of how to mount a musical. From reading the script, right up to opening night, Joe Deer's insights are practical and inspiring."

Walter Bobbie, Tony Award-winning director, Chicago

"Joe Deer's book is an eloquent and accurate analysis of what a director in the musical theatre actually does. He understands the many components of a musical and how to coordinate and integrate them. I highly recommend it to anyone contemplating directing a musical."

Jerry Zaks, Tony Award-winning director, Guys and Dolls and Smokey Joe's Café

"Directing in Musical Theatre is a splendid text for anyone wishing to explore directing for the musical stage. It deals with every essential aspect of this daunting task, and explains each with singular clarity and intelligence. The work is well organized, thorough, and completely accessible. Finally, here is a book that gets to the heart of this art."

Gregory Lehane, Professor – Former Head of Directing, Drama and Music, Carnegie Mellon University

"Joe Deer's *Directing in Musical Theatre* is a well-informed exploration of the musical theatre directing process that is filled with heart, intellect and spirit. If every director was required to read the chapter on staging alone, we would be blessed with productions more truthful, entertaining, and ultimately satisfying. This book, which equally balances craft with artistry, will be helpful to beginner and seasoned veteran alike."

Cary Libkin, Professor, Head of Musical Theatre Degree Programs, Penn State University

"Directing is a somewhat 'ethereal' job – those who do not do it have a hard time articulating what it is we exactly do as directors. I think this book is both practical and asks the right questions so that directors do not merely 'replicate' another show."

David Gram, musical theatre teacher, USA

Directing in Musical Theatre

An Essential Guide

Joe Deer

Foreword by Eric Schaeffer



First published 2014 by Routledge 2 Park Square, Milton Park, Abingdon, Oxon OX14 4RN

and by Routledge 711 Third Avenue, New York, NY 10017

Routledge is an imprint of the Taylor & Francis Group, an informa business

© 2014 Joe Deer

The right of Joe Deer to be identified as author of this work has been asserted by him in accordance with sections 77 and 78 of the Copyright, Designs and Patents Act 1988.

All rights reserved. No part of this book may be reprinted or reproduced or utilized in any form or by any electronic, mechanical, or other means, now known or hereafter invented, including photocopying and recording, or in any information storage or retrieval system, without permission in writing from the publishers.

Trademark notice: Product or corporate names may be trademarks or registered trademarks, and are used only for identification and explanation without intent to infringe.

British Library Cataloguing in Publication Data A catalogue record for this book is available from the British Library

Library of Congress Cataloging in Publication Data Deer, Joe. Directing in musical theatre : an essential guide / Joe Deer. pages cm Includes bibliographical references and index. 1. Musical theater--Production and direction. 2. Musical theater--Instruction and study. I. Title. MT955.D34 2013 792.602'33-dc23 2013002731

ISBN: 978-0-415-62489-3 (hbk) ISBN: 978-0-415-62490-9 (pbk) ISBN: 978-0-203-10385-2 (ebk)

Typeset in Univers by Keystroke, Station Road, Codsall, Wolverhampton For Caitlin, who makes it all possible

This page intentionally left blank

Contents

List of illustrations		xiii
Foreword by Eric Schaeffer		xv
Online content for <i>Directing in Musical Theatre</i>		xvii
Special than	ks and acknowledgments	xix
Permissions		xxiii
Introduction	n	1
A direct	or's job in a musical	1
What is	a musical?	3
Conven	tions of the musical theatre	4
How to	use this book	6
PHASE 1 C	ONCEPTION	9
Charting a de	etailed course for your production journey	9
Timetable 1:		10
CHAPTER 1	Preparing for collaboration	13
Unit 1.1	Reading and listening to the musical	13
1.1.1	Gathering impressions	14
	Questionnaire: first impressions	14
Unit 1.2	Creating a research portfolio	16
Unit 1.3	History and society viewed selectively	17

VIII CONTENTS

Tradition	18
Dissecting the script and score	19
Units of action	19
Questionnaire: unit analysis	20
Character analysis	22
Facts	23
Questionnaire: a character's given circumstances	23
Character journey	25
Charting change	26
Attitudes	26
Questionnaire: character attitudes	27
Ambitions	28
Questionnaire: character ambitions	28
Directing and style	29
What is style?	29
Establishing style in your production	30
Unity of style	32
History and genre	33
Worldview	34
Questionnaire: defining worldview	34
Articulating style	36
Questionnaire: elements of style	36
Visiting the theatre	37
Getting it down on paper: creating a concept statement	38
This is the story of	38
Themes and ideas	39
Images and visual style	39
State your passion	41
Imagining the chorus	43
What is a chorus?	43
Populating the world of your musical	44
The power of the group	45
Applying pressure	45
Chorus as storyteller	46
Chorus as spectacle	47
Chorus as characters	48
Engaging chorus actors	49
	Disecting the script and score Units of action <i>Questionnaire: unit analysis</i> Character analysis Facts <i>Questionnaire: a character's given circumstances</i> Character journey Charting change Attitudes <i>Questionnaire: character attitudes</i> Ambitions <i>Questionnaire: character ambitions</i> Directing and style What is style? Establishing style in your production Unity of style History and genre Worldview <i>Questionnaire: defining worldview</i> Articulating style <i>Questionnaire: elements of style</i> Visiting the theatre Getting it down on paper: creating a concept statement This is the story of Themes and ideas Images and visual style State your passion Imagining the chorus What is a chorus? Populating the world of your musical The power of the group Applying pressure Chorus as storyteller Chorus as storyteller Chorus as storyteller Chorus as spectacle Chorus as characters

PHASE 2 C	OLLABORATION	53
Timetable 2:	setting your production in motion	54
CHAPTER 3	Collaborative partners	57
Unit 3.1	The passionate center	57
Unit 3.2	What is a choreographer?	59
Unit 3.3	Theatre dance vs. concert dance	59
Unit 3.4	Musical collaboration	61
CHAPTER 4	Directing the design	65
Unit 4.1	Design process: scenery	65
4.1.1	Scenic design preparation	66
	Questionnaire: scenic design	66
4.1.2	What to expect in the scenic design process	68
	Scenic design process: Big River	71
Unit 4.2	Design process: costumes	76
4.2.1	Character analysis for costume design	77
4.2.2	Practical requirements	79
4.2.3	Cast-by-scene breakdown	80
4.2.4	What to expect in the costume design process	80
	Gregg Barnes' costume design process: The Drowsy	
	Chaperone	83
Unit 4.3	Design process: lighting	86
	What to expect in the lighting design process	86
	Lighting design process: Follies	90
Unit 4.4	Budgets and creative limits	92
	Checklist: effective design	93
PHASE 3 B	EHEARSAI	95

PHASE 3 R	REHEARSAL	95
Timetable 3:	auditions to final studio run-through	96
CHAPTER 5	Auditions	103
Unit 5.1	Casting breakdowns	104
Unit 5.2	Principal role auditions	106
5.2.1	Principal role callbacks	107

Unit 5.3Chorus calls108Unit 5.4Addressing multiple casting needs111

X CONTENTS

Unit 5.5	Non-traditional casting	112
Unit 5.6	Negotiations and waiting	113
CHAPTER 6	Staging and coaching	115
Unit 6.1	Staging stories	116
6.1.1	Levels of staging	116
6.1.2	Staging questions	117
	Questionnaire: staging action	117
6.1.3	Believable spontaneity and inevitability	118
6.1.4	Types of musical numbers	120
6.1.5	Prompts to staging opportunities	122
6.1.6	Staging structure	124
6.1.7	Storytelling through staging	126
6.1.8	All staging is action	127
6.1.9	Storytelling – beat by beat	127
6.1.10	Group staging notation	131
6.1.11	Choreographic staging	132
Unit 6.2	Staging tools	133
6.2.1	Movement and images	134
6.2.2	Principles of effective blocking	135
6.2.3	Compositional qualities	136
Unit 6.3	Blocking scenes and songs	139
6.3.1	Blocking script setup	139
6.3.2	Ideas into action	140
6.3.3	Blocking notation	144
6.3.4	Giving blocking to actors	146
Unit 6.4	Coaching your cast	148
6.4.1	Actor/singers	149
6.4.2	Ten keys to coaching the singing actor	149
6.4.3	Dancers are actors, too	156
Unit 6.5	Entertainment values and "selling it" to the audience	159

PHASE 4 P	RODUCTION	163
Timetable 4:	technical rehearsals to final dress rehearsal	163
CHAPTER 7	Moving into the theatre	167
Unit 7.1	Getting acquainted with the theatre space	167

Unit 7.2	Spacing rehearsals and adjustments	168
Unit 7.3	Safety first	169
Unit 7.4	Adding scenery and props	169
Unit 7.5	Adding lighting	170
Unit 7.6	Adding the orchestra	171
Unit 7.7	Sound design and reinforcement	172
Unit 7.8	The stage manager takes charge: technical rehearsals	175
Unit 7.9	Adding costumes	177
Unit 7.10	Crew	180
Unit 7.11	Special rehearsals	180
Unit 7.12	Putting it all back together	180
Unit 7.13	Finding the heart of the show again	181
Unit 7.14	Prioritizing and problem solving	181
Unit 7.15	"Please" and "thank you"	182
PHASE 5 P	ERFORMANCE	183
Timetable 5:	previews to closing	184
CHAPTER 8	Shaping the production	187
Unit 8.1	Curtain calls	187
Unit 8.2	Previews	189
Unit 8.3	Advice and opinions	191
Unit 8.4	Opening night	192
Unit 8.5	Notes and rehearsals after opening	192
Unit 8.6	Postmortem	193
CHAPTER 9	Etcetera – and all the rest	199

Unit 9.1	Directing new works	199
Unit 9.2	Directing revues	202
Unit 9.3	Habits of successful directors	204

APPENDICES	207
Appendix A: Sample documents	207
a. Weekly rehearsal schedule: Seussical	208
b. Daily rehearsal schedule: Carousel	209
c. Blocking/staging checklist: Seussical	210

XII CONTENTS

	d.	Cast-by-scene breakdowns: Nine	211
	e.	Scene and song rehearsal unit breakdown: Kiss Me, Kate	213
	f.	Concept statement: Into the Woods	214
	g.	Scene/song unit analysis: Fiddler on the Roof	218
	h.	Character analysis (short): The Light in the Piazza	222
	i.	Staging road map (beat breakdown): "The Night Waltz" from	
		A Little Night Music	225
App	en	dix B: Complete production timetable	229
Арр	en	dix C: Questionnaires	233
	Q	uestionnaire 1: first impressions	233
	Q	uestionnaire 2: unit analysis	233
	Q	uestionnaire 3: character given circumstances	234
	Q	uestionnaire 4: character attitudes	234
	Q	uestionnaire 5: character ambitions	235
	Q	uestionnaire 6: defining worldview	235
	Q	uestionnaire 7: elements of style	235
	Q	uestionnaire 8: scenic design	236
	Q	uestionnaire 9: staging action	236
	Cł	necklist: effective design	236
Арр	en	dix D: Brief glossary of useful stage terms	239

Index

245

Illustrations

1.1	Cast of Joseph and the Amazing Technicolor Dreamcoat, Da	allas
	Theater Center	1
1.1	Cast of The Last Five Years, Fredericia Theatre, Fredericia,	
	Denmark	8
2.1	Cast of Seven Brides for Seven Brothers, MUNY, St. Louis	53
4.1a-i	Design process for The Human Race Theatre Company's	
	production of Big River	71–76
4.2a	Gregg Barnes' rough costume sketch of Kitty from The	
	Drowsy Chaperone	83
4.2b	Gregg Barnes' finished costume rendering of the same desi	gn <mark>84</mark>
4.2c	The finished costume in the Broadway production of The	
	Drowsy Chaperone	85
4.3a–d	The Broadway revival cast of Follies	90–92
5.1	Mia Gentile and Michael Schwitter in the Ensemble Theatre	
	of Cincinnati's production of Next to Normal	95
6.1	"I Wanna Be a Producer" from The Producers, cast of	
	National Tour and Las Vegas companies	131–132
6.2a	Cast of Wright State University's Into the Woods	137
6.2b	Another photo of the cast of Wright State University's Into	
	the Woods	137
6.2c	Cast of West Virginia Public Theatre's The 25th Annual Putr	am
	County Spelling Bee	137
6.2d	Cast of Wright State University's Nine	138
6.2e	Scott Hunt and Horace E. Smith III in The Human Race	
	Theatre Company's <i>Big River</i>	138

XIV ILLUSTRATIONS

6.2f	Cast of Joseph and the Amazing Technicolor Dreamcoat,	
	Dallas Theater Center	138
6.3a	Next to Normal blocking script, left page	142
6.3b	Next to Normal blocking script, right page	143
6.4	Quick ground plan sketch for a blocking script	146
7.1	Cast of Avenue Q, Human Race Theatre Company	162
8.1	Cast of Pittsburgh Public Theater's H.M.S. Pinafore	183

Foreword

I still remember that first moment when I became enthralled with the American musical. I was in my early teens, sitting in the orchestra of the Minskoff Theatre in New York City seeing my first Broadway musical, *West Side Story*. In a flash, colored ribbons dropped from the endless ceiling and flew out instantly to reveal the Jets and Sharks dancing at the gym. It was a magical moment that would change my life forever. From that moment on, I always knew that I wanted to be part of theatre.

There is no formula to directing a musical. This book will give you many ideas and suggestions but not the ultimate answer on how to direct a musical. It's impossible. Musical theatre is that unique animal that embraces emotions larger than life and turns them into a song or dance or both. It's a thrilling art form that uses more collaboration than any other. That can be both invigorating and challenging or exhausting. I never set out to be a director in the theatre. And I think that is a good thing. I learned my craft from every side of the footlights – acting, painting sets, designing props, designing costumes and producing. Having been part of every aspect of the theatre gave me a greater understanding not only of the director's role but also of the contributions that everyone makes to bring a production to life. I learned more by being in the trenches with everyone and I have a great appreciation of the role that each person plays in creating theatre. I learned so much from observing shows, watching rehearsals and seeing the way artists work. Musicals are all about collaboration - more than any art form. As the director, you're the captain of the ship. It's your job to make sure that everyone is rowing in the right direction. In creating musicals, everyone needs to leave their ego at the door so you have an open sea - a safe environment to create. It's the most important aspect of the creative process.

XVI FOREWORD

The wonderful thing about being a director is that no two projects are the same. There's no time to get bored in a job because each project brings about a different set of requirements for you to collaborate with artists. You have the opportunity to use their talents and ideas, ask the hard questions and be willing to take big risks. With all of these ingredients comes the most exciting creativity. You can't worry about failure. It's about creation and having limitless imagination. And with that, comes success.

As you begin to direct a show, the last thing that should be driving you is "making a hit"; hits aren't manufactured, they're created. In the end, it's all about storytelling and the clarity of that storytelling. If you tell the story and let the audience feel the emotion of the characters, the story will unfold itself. So many people want to add more sets, more lighting and more special effects. But, it has to all start with a great story and how you communicate that to an audience. As a director, we get to choose how to tell that story. We get to create a world for the musical to live in and discover a soundscape that will support the emotions of the piece.

Each show is different, which is what makes our job so exciting. Every day, writers are trying to break the mold and rediscover a new way to communicate with audiences. As directors, we get to be part of that process. We get to be pioneers as the form continues to change and evolve. But in the end, it goes back to the simplest of ideas and one basic question – what is the best way to tell the story? That is what makes great musical theatre. And that is why there is no formula.

Eric Schaeffer

Eric Schaeffer is co-founder and artistic director of Tony Award-winning Signature Theatre in Washington, D.C., where he has directed dozens of new and classic musicals. On Broadway he directed Follies, Million Dollar Quartet, Glory Days and Putting It Together. In London, he directed The Witches of Eastwick and Million Dollar Quartet.

Online content for Directing in Musical Theatre

Many readers will use this book as an independent guide to help refine their directing process. And it works extremely well that way. But others will use this in a formal educational environment as part of a course they either teach or attend. For those readers, we have provided dozens of exercises, teaching guidelines, lecture slides, syllabi and checklists for assignments to help organize a course around this subject. You'll see an icon in the margins throughout this book that indicates a related exercise online at the *Directing in Musical Theatre* section of the Routledge website. You'll also find the syllabi, lecture notes and teaching tools there. Independent readers of the book may also find these exercises useful as they work through their own self-guided course.

Visit the website at www.routledge.com/cw/dalvera

This page intentionally left blank

Special thanks and acknowledgments

Many people helped make the journey of writing this book possible. I must start with Talia Rodgers, Ben Piggott and everyone at Routledge for supporting this project from the beginning and making me feel like a member of their publishing family. I also want to thank Don Corathers, Jim Palmarini and Julie York Coppens at the Educational Theatre Association, *Dramatics* magazine and the journal *Teaching Theatre* for opportunities to try out many of these ideas on their readers and members.

Directors learn by directing. A producer takes a huge leap of faith in hiring even a very experienced director, let alone a beginner. So, I offer my most gracious thanks to everyone who took that chance and let me learn to direct on their stage, but especially Teresa Stoughton-Marafino (Mountain Playhouse), Charles Tranter (Struthers Library Theatre), Michael Licata and Ron lannone (West Virginia Public Theatre), the staff at Lyric Theatre of Oklahoma, and Kevin Moore and the late Marsha Hanna (Human Race Theatre Company).

Many industry professionals offered their artistry, ideas and insights to make this book so much more than just my opinion. They include Gregg Barnes (and his assistant Maureen Fitzgerald), Matthew Benjamin, Richard Block, Dunsi Dai, Rocco Dal Vera, Natasha Katz, Tony Meola, Kevin Moore, Edward Strauss, Susan Stroman (for use of her original staging from *The Producers*), Susan Tsu, Jeff Whiting (whose Stage Write Software images documented Ms. Stroman's work so well) and Brian Yorkey. Thanks also to Dr. W. Stuart McDowell, Victoria Oleen and my colleagues at Wright State University for their patience and encouragement. Many actors, dancers, choreographers, musical directors, designers and theatre artists contributed to this book by simply excelling at their work in the

XX SPECIAL THANKS AND ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

many productions I've directed over the past three decades. Thanks to them, as well.

A number of highly respected directors agreed to review this manuscript and offer comments, including Walter Bobbie, Marcia Milgrom-Dodge and Jerry Zaks. I must especially thank Eric Schaeffer for his generosity in writing the excellent Foreword to this book. Also, Jay Berkow, Thomas de Mallet Burgess and David Gram, whose thoughtful comments and suggestions on my proposal led to positive changes in this book.

Directing is largely a visual medium. It would be impossible to express certain ideas without photographs to support them. So, I want to thank the photographers and theatres that helped provide these images. Laura Peters and Larry Pry (St. Louis MUNY), Joel Ferrell (Dallas Theatre Center), Scott J. Kimmins (Human Race Theatre Company), Matthew Benjamin and Don David (Wright State University), D. Lynn Meyers and Ryan Kurtz (Ensemble Theatre of Cincinnati), Paul Kolnik and his assistant Courtney Collins (*The Producers* photos), Søren Moller (Fredericia Teater) and Ted Pappas (Pittsburgh Public Theater). Thanks, as well, to Brian Yorkey (Theatre Communications Group) and Zach Chotzen-Freund for use of a portion of *Next to Normal*.

It is no surprise that most directors were once performers and assistants to other directors. I acknowledge a deep debt to those directors and choreographers who taught me their craft by hiring me in one capacity or another, or by letting me simply watch them rehearse: Henry Scott Baron, Rick Conant, Marcia Milgrom-Dodge, Gerald Freedman, Jamie Jamison, Bobby and Sandy Karl, Neal Kenyon, Teressa Wylie McWilliams, Gary Slavin, Lee Theodore and Jerry Zaks.

Thanks also to the folks who let me explore these ideas as a student, teacher and guest director: Gregory Lehane, Mladen Kiselov, Peter Cooke (Carnegie Mellon University), Kim Moke (Stage School of Hamburg), Lara Teeter and Thomas Albert (Shenandoah University), and my colleagues in the Musical Theatre Educators' Alliance.

A few people have made a profound contribution to this project and to my work as a director. I have reserved them for last. My special thanks go to Steven Beckler, who generously opened many doors to the top levels of the musical theatre world. He has been a great supporter for so many years and changed my journey as a director. Similarly, Ira Weitzman at the Lincoln Center Theater has always supported my endeavors and made many connections possible in writing this book. My dear friend and trusted colleague Rocco Dal Vera offered his usual insights and encouragement along the way, as well as simply teaching me how to write a book as we collaborated on *Acting in Musical Theatre*. I can never repay that gift.

Most importantly, I endlessly thank Caitlin Larsen Deer and Leo Deer, who made room in our lives for me to write this book; and Harriet Deer, who encouraged me from the beginning by never seeing barriers to her own work.

This page intentionally left blank

Permissions

Susan Stroman's staging of "*I Wanna Be a Producer*" from *The Producers* appears by permission of the director/choreographer.

Jeff Whiting and Stage Write Software have granted permission for staging diagrams from *"I Wanna Be a Producer"* from *The Producers* to be reproduced in this book.

A portion of *Next to Normal* is reproduced in this book by permission of Brian Yorkey and Theatre Communications Group.

Gregg Barnes' costume design sketches and renderings for *The Drowsy Chaperone* appear courtesy of the designer.

Dunsi Dai's scenic design sketches, renderings and draftings for *Big River* appear courtesy of the designer.

Some portions of this book appeared in a different form in *Acting in Musical Theatre: A Comprehensive Course* by Joe Deer and Rocco Dal Vera (Routledge, 2008). Those portions have been substantially modified herein and are reproduced with permission of the authors and publisher.

Some portions of this book appeared in an earlier form as articles in *Dramatics* magazine and the journal *Teaching Theatre*. The revised content from those articles appears by permission of the Educational Theatre Association.

Quotes attributed to Edward Strauss, Tony Meola, Natasha Katz, Gregg Barnes, Brian Yorkey and Kevin Moore are drawn from author interviews. All quotes are included with permission of the speaker. This page intentionally left blank

Introduction

A director's job in a musical

Directors tell stories. While others usually write those stories, the director guides their telling. He or she decides what's important to highlight in the text and how the story will be expressed, and then takes the audience on a journey into and



Figure 1.1 Cast of *Joseph and the Amazing Technicolor Dreamcoat*, Dallas Theater Center (director: Joel Ferrell; photo: Karen Almond).

2 INTRODUCTION

through that world. In a successful production of even the most complex script, the story emerges clearly and richly for the audience. Arriving at that kind of clarity takes a great deal of preparation and craft. In the musical theatre, this task can be geometrically more complex than in many plays. Yet, the obligation to guide your production with clarity remains. This book is for those of you who take on this task.

Directing a musical involves everything directing a play does – and more. The multilayered texts, logistical concerns and elevated performance styles of many musicals create a complex puzzle for the director to solve. These complexities, while essential and undeniable, can distract you from the central thrust of your job. The premise of this book is that your mandate, as director of a musical, is to guide the crafting of a *body* for the *spirit* of the musical to live in. The word "craft" is deliberate here because this book will help you develop skills and techniques to realize your ideas through collaboration with designers, actors, creative collaborators and everyone else you guide in the making of a production, which is the body that animates the spirit of your show.

This book is organized to follow the five phases of creating a successful musical production:

- Conception the period when you research, fantasize, analyze, conceive and articulate the theatrical world of your musical. Though a great musical production seems to spring full-born onto the stage in a way that suggests there is no other possible version of that story, someone read and listened to it and made choices about what story to tell and how everyone involved would tell it.
- 2. Collaboration a director leads the charge for a small army of cointerpreters to tell the story he or she has drawn from the script and score. Designers, choreographer, musical director and all the many people who function with them need to have a clear sense of where they're headed and whether they're on the right track as they take the director's inspiration and express it in their own discipline. This all begins in the second phase.
- 3. Rehearsal when you assemble a cast to inhabit the detailed and amply realized world you've constructed with your partners. The cast is the newest group of collaborators to enter this world. While many people contribute great ideas in rehearsal, someone ultimately has to select the performance choices that add up to your production. For a musical, this also requires creating musical staging, which constitutes an entire new set of storytelling opportunities. In a talented group, you'll have a lot to choose from. But, without an effective editor, your production will lack cohesion.

INTRODUCTION 3

- 4. **Production** when you bring the show you've rehearsed into the theatre and marry it to the physical and technical elements in ways that fulfill the imaginary world of your show. No single collaborator is responsible for maintaining and reinforcing an overall vision of the show in the same way as the director. And, though the musical director, choreographer and designers all have a myriad of details to attend to, none of them is expected to guide a show through the reefs and shoals of auditions, studio rehearsals, technical production and opening in the same way a director must.
- 5. Performance when you bring an audience into the fully realized world of your show, and adjust performances and technical elements to maximize the audience experience. Although the greater part of a director's job is completed by opening night, the last major part of your work is the important job of calibrating every element of a production and maintaining the intention and integrity of performances.

These are the functions you'll prepare for as we work through the entire process of creating your musical. The goal of this book is to give you at least one way of doing everything required clearly and thoughtfully as you move from the fateful day of receiving the script to the end of the journey where you place that tattered binder on your shelf to gather dust.

What is a musical?

Musical theatre is a curious animal in the world of live performance. On one hand, it is exactly like a play, where you create an imaginary world for actors to play out the story. This involves interpretation and expression of the text, decisions about movement and behavior for each character, and visual communication of the world of the script through design and composition. Yet, with all these similarities, there is a great deal of difference in the theatrical world of most contemporary drama and that of musical theatre. Those differences fall into a few central areas:

Heightened text – Musicals require characters to sing their most passionate experiences. This simple act thrusts artists and their audience into another theatrical world. The effort that much contemporary drama exerts to make everything seem "like real life" gets tossed aside when a group of musicians begins playing underneath the stage and characters begin singing. And the text itself is sometimes poetic, intentionally witty, powerfully emotional and always tightly constructed. It is not Kitchen Sink Realism.

4 INTRODUCTION

Heightened behavior – Not only do characters express themselves in vocally different ways, but they often employ stylized behaviors that involve facing the audience directly, moving in highly organized choreographic patterns and abandoning the logic of typical daily activity for a vocabulary that leans more closely to concert dance. Yet, this is part of what makes a musical powerfully a musical.

Heightened visual expression – There are certainly no rules for how one expresses a play or a musical onstage. But, we tend to identify certain patterns and practices with different forms. Among these in the musical theatre are the ideas of amplified theatrical design and the elaborate use of bodies to create an imaginary world that invites the other conventions we talked about.

Heightened reality – All these heightened elements really add up to an elevated sense of reality. All theatre, film and television are artificial and carefully selected imitations of reality. But, musical theatre often puts artificiality downstage center as one of the appealing features of the art form. So, as some entertainments seek to convince us that things are completely "real," the musical theatre embraces its own "un-realness" and makes a virtue of it.

The musical theatre is not for everyone. Detractors point to just this set of theatrical conventions as reasons they dislike musicals. Typically, they also rankle at the pure emotionality we associate with many musicals. But, those who like musical theatre, in all its forms, are often attracted to these theatrical opportunities and expectations. We go to the musical theatre to experience something big and to be swept up in the passion of the event, even in its most intimate moments. If you direct a musical, you'll need to come to terms with these expectations. This book embraces them with the strong insistence they be employed with an equally heightened sense of truth and passion behind them. Good acting, spoken or sung, is not a negotiable element in any production. But, there are many forms of good acting, dance and singing.

Conventions of the musical theatre

In directing musicals from all periods, you'll also discover their writers understood a few more central premises and expected them to be embraced.

Music tells the story – What makes a musical a *musical* is the practice of having characters burst (or gently slide) into song and dance to express their most passionate experiences. The pure emotionality of seemingly spontaneous singing, musical accompaniment and dance are the defining features of the musical theatre.