Narrative of Two Voyages to the River Sierra Leone During the Years 1791-1793

Anna Maria Falconbridge



NARRATIVE OF TWO VOYAGES TO THE RIVER SIERRA LEONE

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NARRATIVE

 \mathbf{OF}

TWO VOYAGES

TO THE

RIVER SIERRA LEONE

1791—1793

PERFORMED BY

A. M. FALCONBRIDGE



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The publisher has gone to great lengths to ensure the quality of this reprint but points out that some imperfections in the original may be apparent

NARRATIVE

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TWO VOYAGES TO THE RIVER SIERRA LEONE,

DURING THE

YEARS 1791---2---3,

PERFORMED BY

A. M. FALCONBRIDGE.

WITH A

Succinct account of the Distresses and proceedings of that Settlement; a description of the Manners, Diversions, Arts, Commerce, Cultivation, Custom, Punishments, &c.

And Every interesting Particular relating to the SIERRA LEONE COMPANY.

ALSO

The present State of the SLAVE TRADE in the West Indies, and the improbability of its total Abolition.

THE SECOND EDITION.

LONDON.

Printed for L. I. Higham, No 6, Chiswell Street.

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DEDICATION

TO THE

Inhabitants of Bristol.

A FTER revolving in my mind a length of time, whose protection I might folicit for the subsequent pages, it strikes me, I may look up with more considence to the City I proudly boast to be a native of, than to any other quarter.

Permit me, therefore, to trespass on your patience for a short space, by entreating your Countenance, and Patronage, to a faithful and just account of two voyages to the inhospitable Coast of Africa.—Chequered throughout with such a complication of disasters as I may venture to affirm have never yet attended any of my dear Country Women, and such as I sincerely hope they never may experience.

I will

iv DEDICATION.

I will not undertake to promise you either elegant or modish diction; and all I shall advance in my favour, is a rigid adherence to truth, which (without embellishment) I am persuaded will meet its just reward from the Inhabitants of Bristol; whom I trust, will have the goodness to keep in mind the infancy of my pen, that the recollection may serve for an apology, should they at any time catch me giving too much scope to its reins.

May every description of happiness attend the Inhabitants of Bristol, is the earnest prayer

Of their Townswoman,
and most devoted,
and obedient humble Servant,

ANNA MARIA ----

BRISTOL, August 1794.

PREFACE.

PREFACE.

THE Authoress will not imitate a threadbare prevailing custom, viz. assure the Public, the following letters were written without any design or intention of sending them into the world; on the contrary, she candidly confesses having some idea of the kind when writing them, though her mind was not fully made up on the business until towards the beginning of April,—nay, for some time before then (from a consciousness of the inability of her pen) she had actually relinquished all thoughts of publishing them, which determination she certainly would have adhered to, if her will had not been overruled by the importunities of her friends.

In her first Voyage, she has given her reasons for going to Africa, described the incidents and occurrences she met with and (from occular observations) the manners. customs, &c. of the people inhabiting those places she visited, - she has also made an humble attempt to delineate their situations and qualities, with a superficial History, of the Peninsula of Sierra Leone and its environs, which she certainly would have enlarged upon during her second Voyage, had not Lieutenant Matthews, previous to her returning to England in 1791, taken the start of her, by publishing his voyage to that Country; that being the case, it would not only have been superfluous, but discovering more vanity than she could wish the World to suppose her possessed of, had she offered to tread in a path already iravelled over by such an ingenious and masterly pen, to which she begs to refer the inquisitive reader.

This consideration and this alone, induced the Authoress to confine the letters of her last Yoyage principally to the transactions and pro-

gress of a Colony, whose success or downfall she is persuaded the Inhabitants, at least the thinking part, of almost every civilized Country, must feel more or less interested about, and she is forely afflicted to warn the reader of an unpromising account which could not be otherwise, unless she had done violence to veracity;—she is well aware Truth is often unwelcome, and foresees many facts produced to the World in the course of those letters will not be acceptable to the ears of numbers;—therefore, in vindication of herself, she refers the Public to the whole Court of Directors of the Sierra Leone Company, and hopes, if it be in their power, either severally or collectively, to contradiat one tittle she has advanced, they will do so in the most candid manner;—for the Authoress is open to conviction, and if convieted on this occasion, she will, with all due deference, kiss the rod of correction.

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LETTER I.

LONDON, Jan. 5, 1791.

My dear Friend,

THE time draws nigh when I must bid adieu to my native land, perhaps for ever! The thoughts of it damps my spirits more than you can imagine, but I am resolved to summon all the fortitude I can, being conscious of meriting the reproaches of my friends and relations, for having hastily married as I did contrary to their wishes, and am determined rather than be an incumbrance on them, to accompany my husband even to the wilds of Africa, whither he is now bound, and meet such sate as awaits me in preference to any possible comfort I could receive from them.

Mr. Falconbridge is employed by the St. George's Bay Company to carry out fome relief for a number of unfortunate people, both blacks and whites, whom Government

Government fent to the river Sierra Leone, a few years fince, and who in consequence of having had some dispute with the natives, are scattered through the country, and are just now as I have been told, in the most deplorable condition.

He (Mr. Falconbridge) is likewife to make fome arrangements for collecting those poor creatures again, and forming a fettlement which the company have in contemplation to establish, not only to serve them, but to be generally useful to the natives.

Mr. Falconbridge, his brother Mr. W. Falconbridge and myself, are to embark on board the Duke of Buccleugh, Captain McLean, a ship belonging to Messrs. John and Alexander Anderson, of Philpot Lane; these gentlemen I understand, have a considerable sactory at a place called Bance Island, some distance up the river Sierra Leone, to which island the ship is bound.

The company have either fent, or are to fend out a small cutter called the Lapwing, to meet Mr. F.—, on the coast, she carries the stores for relieving the people, &c.

This

This is all the information I can give you at present, respecting my intended voyage, but as it is an unusual enterprize for an English woman, to visit the coast of Africa; and as I have ever slattered myself with possessing your friendship, you will no doubt like to hear from me, and I therefore intend giving you a full and circumstantial account of every thing that does not escape my notice, 'till I return to this bless'd land, if it pleases him who determines all things, that should be the case again.

I have this instant learnt that we set off to-morrow for Gravesend, where the ship is laying, ready to sail; should we put into any port in the channel, I may probably write you if I am able, but must now bid you adieu.

LETTER II.

SPITHEAD, Jan. 12, 1791.

My dear Friend,

CONTRARY winds prevented us from proceeding directly out of the Channel, and made it necessary to put into this place. We have been here two days, but I am told there is an appearance of the wind changing, and that it is probable we shall make the attempt to get away some time this day; therefore I think it best not to defer performing my promise of writing to you, least we fail, and I am disappointed.

We embarked at Gravesend between eleven and twelve o'clock, the night after I wrote you. Every thing seemed in dreadful confusion; but this I understand is commonly the case on board ships when on the eve of sailing: besides the captain had several friends who came from Lon don to bid him sarewell.

You may guess that my mind, in spite of all the resolution a young girl is capable of mustering, could not be undisturbed; but I would not give way to any melancholy reslections, and endeavoured to smother them as often as they intruded; although I must confess they sometimes caught me off my guard, and my heart for the moment was ready to burst with the thoughts of what I had to encounter, which was pictured to me by almost every one in the worst of colours.

However I went to bed, and being much fatigued, was in hopes every care would be buried for the night in delightful fleep; but in this I was disappointed, for although my eyes were closed as foon as I got my head on the pillow, yet it was not of long continuance.

I had slept perhaps two hours, when the shocking cries of murder awoke me: I did not at the instant recollect where I was, but the first thoughts which occurred upon remembering myself on ship-board were, that a gang of pirates had attacked the ship, and would put us all to death.

All the cabin was by this time alarmed; the cries of murder still continuing while while the captain and others were loudly calling for lights; and fo great was the confusion, that it was a long while before any could be procured: at length the light came, when I found myself some what collected, and had courage enough to ask what was the matter.

My fears were removed, by being informed it was a Mr. B—, a passenger, whose intellects were a little deranged: he continued his disagreeable hideous cries the whole night, and prevented every one from sleeping; for my part I scarcely closed my eyes again.

At breakfast Mr. B—— apologized, by teiling us that his wife had murdered his only child, for which reason he had left her. "And," said he, "the horrid act! has made such an impression on my mind, that I frequently think I see her all besmeared with blood, with a dagger in her hand, determined to take away my life also: it preys upon my spirits, for I want strength of mind to conquer the weakness."*

Mr.

* I am inclined to think this was only the imagination of a frantic brain, for we were not able to learn any thing more of the story.

Mr. Alexander Anderson came on board, and dined: he politely enquired if I was comfortable; assured me, that every thing had been put on board to render us as much so as possible.

In the evening he returned to town, and we got under weigh.

Nothing occurred on our passage here except such frequent returns of Mr. B's delirium, as has induced Captain Mc Lean to put him on shore, from the opinion of his being an unsit subject to go to the coast of Africa.

I did not experience any of those fears peculiar to my sex upon the water; and the only inconvenience I sound was a little sea sickness, which I had a right to expect, for you know this is my first voyage.

There is one circumstance, which I forbode will make the remainder of our voyage unpleasant.

The gentlemen whom Mr. Falconbridge is employed by are for abolishing the slave trade: the owners of this vessel are of that trade, and consequently the Captain and Mr. Falconbridge must be very opposite in their sentiments.

They are always arguing, and both are warm in their tempers, which makes me uneasy, and induces me to form the conjectures I do; but perhaps that may not be the case.

I have not been on shore at Portsmouth, indeed it is not a desirable place to visit: I was once there, and sew people have a wish to see it a second time.

The only thing that has attracted my notice in the harbour, is the fleet with the convicts for Botany Bay, which are wind bound, as well as ourselves.

The destiny of such numbers of my sellow creatures has made what I expect to encounter, set lighter upon my mind than it ever did before; nay, nothing could have operated a reconciliation so effectually; for as the human heart is more susceptible of distress conveyed by the eye, than when represented by language however ingenuously pictured with misery, so the sight of those unfortunate beings, and the thoughts of what they are to endure, have worked more forcibly on my seelings than all

the accounts I ever read or heard of wretchedness before.

I must close this which is the last, in all probability, you will receive from me, 'till my arrival in Africa; when, if an opportunity offers, I shall make a point of writing to you.

Pray do not let distance or absence blot out the recollection of her,

Who is truly your's.

LETTER

LETTER III.

Bance Island, Feb. 10, 1791

My dear Friend,

WE failed the very day I wrote you from Portfmouth, and our passage was unusually quick, being only eighteen days from thence to this place.

The novelty of a ship ploughing the trackless ocean, in a few days became quite samiliar to me; there was such a sameness in every thing (for some birds were all we saw the whole way) that I found the voyage tiresome, notwithstanding the shortness of it.

You will readily believe my heart was gladdened at the fight of the mountains of Sierra Leone, which was the land we first made.

Those mountains appear to rise gradually from the sea to a stupendous height, richly wooded and beautifully ornamented

by the hand of nature, with a variety of delightful prospects.

I was vastly pleased while sailing up the river, for the rapidity of the ship through the water afforded a course of new scenery almost every moment, till we cast anchor here: Now and then I saw the glimpse of a native town, but from the distance and new objects hastily catching my eye, was not able to form a judgment or idea of any of them; but this will be no loss, as I may have frequent opportunities of visiting some of them hereaster.

As foon as our anchor was dropped, Captain Mc Lean faluted Bance Island with feven guns, which not being returned I enquired the cause, and was told that the last time the Duke of Buccleugh came out, she, as is customary, saluted, and on the fort returning the compliment, a wad was drove by the force of the sea breeze upon the roof of one of the houses (which was then of thatch) set fire to the building, and consumed not only the house but goods to a large amount.

When the ceremony of faluting was over, Captain Ms Lean and Mr. W. Falconbridge conbridge went on fhore; but it being late in the evening, I continued on board 'till next day.

Here we met the Lapwing cutter. She failed some time before us from Europe, and had been arrived two or three weeks.

The mafter of her, and feveral of the people to whose affishance Mr. Falconbridge is come, and who had taken refuge here, came to visit us.

They represented their sufferings to have been very great; that they had been treacherously dealt with by one King Jemmy, who had drove them away from the ground they occupied, burnt their houses, and otherwise devested them of every comfort and necessary of life; they also threw out some reslections against the Agent of this island; said he had sold several of their sellow sufferers to a Frenchman, who had taken them to the West Indies.

Mr. Falconbridge, however, was not the least inclined to give entire confidence to what they told us; but prudently suspended his opinion until he had made further enquiries. Those visitors being gone, we retired to bed—I cannot say to rest; the heat was so excessive that I scarcely slept at all.

The following day we received a polite invitation to dine on shore, which I did not object to, although harassed for want of sleep the night before.

At dinner the conversation turned upon the slave trade: Mr. Falconbridge, zealous for the cause in which he is engaged, strenuously opposed every argument his opponents advanced in savour of the abominable trade: the glass went briskly round, and the gentlemen growing warm, I retired immediately as the cloath was removed.

The people on the island crowded to see me; they gazed with apparent astonishment—I suppose at my dress, for white women could not be a novelty to them, as there were several among the unhappy people sent out here by government, one of whom is now upon the island.

Seeing fo many of my own fex, though of different complexions from myfelf, attired in their native garbs, was a scene equally equally new to me, and my delicacy, I confess, was not a little hurt at times.

Many among them appeared of superior rank, at least I concluded so from the preserable way in which they were clad; nor was I wrong in my conjecture, for upon enquiring who they were, was informed one was the woman or mistress of Mr. ——, another of Mr. B——, and so on: I then understood that every gentleman on the island had his lady.

While I was thus entertaining myself with my new acquaintances, two or three of the gentlemen lest their wine and joined me; among them was Mr. B——, the agent; he in a very friendly manner begged I would take a bed on shore.

I thanked him, and faid, if agreeable to Mr. Falconbridge, I would have no objection: however, Falconbridge objected, and gave me for reason that he had been unhandsomely treated, and was determined to go on board the Lapwing, for he would not subject himself to any obligation to men possessing such diabolical sentiments.

It was not proper for me to contradict him at this moment, as the heat of argument and the influence of an over portion of wine had quickened and disconcerted his temper; I therefore fubmitted without making any objection to come on board this tub of a velfel, which in point of fize and cleanliness, comes nigher a hog-trough than any thing else you can imagine.

Though I resolved to remonstrate the first seasonable opportunity, and to point out the likelihood of endangering my health, should he persist to keep me in so confined a place.

This remonstrance I made the next morning, after passing a night of torment, but to no purpose; the only consolation I got was,—as soon as the settlers could be collected, he would have a house built on shore, where they were to be fixed.

I honestly own my original resolutions of firmness was now warped at what I foresaw I was doomed to suffer, by being imprisoned, for God knows how long, in a place so disgusting as this was, in my opinion, at that time.

Conceive

Conceive yourself pent up in a floating cage, without room either to walk about, stand erect, or even to lay at length; exposed to the inclemency of the weather, having your eyes and ears momently offended by acts of indecency, and language too horrible to relate—add to this a complication of filth, the stench from which was continually assailing your nose, and then you will have a faint notion of the Lapwing Cutter.

However, upon collecting myself, and recollecting there was no remedy but to make the best of my situation, I begged the master (who slept upon deck in confequence of my coming on board) to have the cabin thoroughly cleaned and washed with vinegar; intreated Falconbridge to let me go on shore while it was doing, and hinted at the indecencies I saw and heard, and was promised they would be prevented in future.

With these affurances I went on shore, not a little elated at the reprieve I was to enjoy for a few hours.

The gentlemen received me with every mark of attention and civility; indeed, I must be wanting in fensibility, if my heart did

did not warm with gratitude to Messers. Ballingall and Tilly, for their kindnesses to me: the latter gentleman I am informed will succeed to the agency of the island; he is a genteel young man, and I am told, very deservedly, a favourite with his employers.

Mr. Falconbridge this day fent a meffage to Elliotte Griffiths, the fecretary of Naimbana, who is the King of Sierra Leone, acquainting him with the purport of his mission, and begging to know when he may be honored with an audience of his Majesty.

In the evening he received an answer, of which the following is a copy:

ROBANA TOWN.

KING Naimbana's compliments to Mr. Falconbridge, and will be glad to fee him to-morrow.

(Signed)

A. E. GRIFFITHS, Sec.

Such an immediate answer from a King, I considered a favorable omen, and a mark of