

The Binary Firm

**Digital Management Transformation
for the Non-Digital Organization**

Steven J. Keays, M.A.Sc., P.Eng.

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This book is dedicated to our daughter, Gabrielle, and our son, James. She taught me what adversity truly is and how to survive it with integrity. He taught me the meaning of independence of thought and inner strength from conviction. I dare say, because of them, I have become a better human being.



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Acronyms and Abbreviations

AI	Artificial Intelligence
aka	Also Known As
AP	Accountable Party
AR	Augmented Reality
BDaaS	Big Data as a Service
BFT	Byzantine Fault Tolerance
BIM	Building Information Management
BRICS	Brazil, Russia, India, China, South Africa
CAD	Computer Aided Design
CCD	Close-Couple Device
CDO	Chief Data Officer
CEO	Chief Executive Officer
CERN	Conseil Européen pour la Recherche Nucléaire
CIO	Chief Information Officer
COO	Chief Operating Officer
CMMI	Capability Maturity Model Integration
CRM	Customer Relationship Management
CSO	Chief Security Officer
DAMA	Data Asset Management Association
DCAM	Data Capability Assessment Model
DCM	Digital Construct Manager
DCO	Digital Construct Officer
DLT	Distributed Ledger Technology
EDM	Electronics Data Management
ERP	Enterprise Resource Planning
GDPR	General Data Protection Regulation
GHG	Green House Gas
GPS	Geo-Positioning System or Global Positioning System

GUI	Graphical User Interface
HaaS	Hardware as a Service
HTTP	HyperText Transfer Protocol
ICIPM	<i>Investment-Centric Innovation Project Management</i>
ICPM	<i>Investment-Centric Project Management</i>
IDC	International Data Corporation
IEC	International Electrotechnical Commission
IEEE	Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers
IFL	Industrial Fabrication Ltd
Igeedee	Instant-Gratification Device
IIoT	Industrial Internet of Things
IoT	Internet of Things
ISO	International Standards Organization
IT	Information Technology
ITT	Invitation To Tender
KPI	Key Performance Indicator
LHC	Large Hadron Collider
MBA	Master Business Administration
MDA	Multiplatform Data Architecture
MRI	Magnetic Resonance Imaging
MTBF	Mean-Time-Between-Failure
MTTF	Mean-Time-To-Failure
NAIA	Numeric and Analog Information Assets
NP	Nondeterministic Polynomial time
OECD	Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development
OHS	Occupational Health and Safety
OPEC	Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries
OS	Operating System
PaaS	Processing as a Services
PAM	Performance Assessment Metrics
PC	Personal Computer
PCB	Printed Circuit Board
PECO	Project Ecosystem
PLC	Programmable Logic Controller
PMT	Project Management Team
PP	Probate Party
QA/QC	Quality Assurance/Quality Control
RFP	Request for Proposal
ROI	Return on Investment

RP	Responsible Party
RTU	Remote Terminal Unit
SaaS	Software as a Service
SCADA	Supervisory Control and Data Acquisition
SWOT	Strength, Weakness, Opportunity, Threat
TCO	Total Cost of Ownership
TPM	Traditional Project Management
UTP	Unit Transformation Process
VB	Visual Basic
VDC	Voltage Direct Current
VR	Virtual Reality
W5H	What, Why, When, Where, Who, and How



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Preface

A fad isn't a fad when it's no longer a fad.

“All art is quite useless”. Thus spake Oscar Wilde in his preface to *The Picture of Dorian Gray*. Wilde went on to explain his famous declaration by juxtaposing the uselessness of art against the uselessness of a flower. A flower simply is, without reason or purpose. It is in the act of observing it, of appreciating it, of caring for it that a meaning, if not a purpose, percolates to the surface of our senses. Wilde was indisputably right in regarding art's aim as “simply to create a mood”. Waxing poetic in the context of a book whose nature is, by its very name, technocratic, may strike the reader as unexpected, to say the least. Nevertheless, it was this quote from Wilde that inspired this book, the third installment of the investment-centric series initiated in 2017 with the publication of *Investment-Centric Project Management*. That, coupled with the intriguing signs that were sprouting, also in 2017, in the popular, academic, and business literature about the advent of powerful software everywhere. Software that mimicked human intelligence and inference, that was capable of driving cars, of animating nightmarish humanoid robots (from the geniuses at Boston Dynamics), and even of catching people in the act of lying. The prospects of this new digital machinery began to sweep across corporate boardrooms and governments alike. Venture capital was quick to join the party; it continues to hunt far and wide for the next killer app. Simultaneously, books began to appear in rapid order and painted various landscapes of this new art of the digital. Their form follows the classic script of past novating movements such as the art of management, of quality, of engineering, of the deal. Some of these books have yielded important insights that have found their way into this one, especially *Data Strategy* (2017, Kogan Page) by Bernard Marr and *The Fourth Industrial Revolution* (2017, Crown Business) by Klaus Schwab.

It would seem, generally speaking, that books on the art of the digital, for lack of a better expression, excel at describing the new digital world

and the promises it holds for those who hop on the train. One can only describe, comment, and admire the Art of anything, since the artist is the only one possessed of the skills to create. The same goes for the current crop of books on the digital era (which will be referred in this book as the *Symbiocene age*); readers are encouraged to hurry up and join the party for dibs to the choicest pieces off the buffet table. This weak form of proselytizing is reminiscent of the 1980s management fad to “work smarter, not harder”, focusing always on describing all that can be smarter but never *prescribing* how to do so. The digital transformation message resonates intrinsically well with large, digitally savvy organizations with a built-in capacity to undertake the journey. Unfortunately, this niche audience excludes the vast majority of other businesses and organizations that go about their daily affairs with varying degrees of digitalization. Hence, this overwhelming majority is effectively shut out of the conversation, be it on account of insufficient scale, primitive numeric literacy, or superficial relationships with the internet. For these organizations, being told to “work smarter, not harder” as they contemplate the coming digital revolution amounts to naught.

The impetus for this book was, and remains twofold: 1) *prescribe*, in concise yet actionable details, the means of undertaking one’s own, bespoke digital transformation; and 2) target the silent majority of organizations that stand to benefit from such a transformation, regardless of their starting point. Getting to the “working smarter” part is done quickly at the book’s outset. The rest of the text will dwell on the mechanics and mechanisms of doing so. The reader will find practical, sensical techniques, methods, and tools for figuring out an organization’s current digital acumen (or lack thereof); for determining what makes sense for this organization (as opposed to buying into the latest whizbang technology just because everyone’s talking about it); and how to plan, strategize, and implement the digital solutions that will permanently transform the organization, *always with the overriding objective of maximizing the organization’s long term return-on-investment performance*. As a matter of fact, the reader will find a recurring caution throughout the text against blindly embracing the latest and greatest. Instead, the text is orchestrated along a linear progression from current state to opportunities then to business cases and finally, to finding and implementing the most suitable solutions for satisfying the business cases.

Finally, the human element in all this human maelstrom is kept front and center to all aspects of a digital transformation journey. Again and again, the reader will hear that the key to succeeding in this journey isn’t about

picking the right technology; it is about molding the human-machine interface into the best synergy possible to make the former excel by making the latter perform. It is why this book speaks of digital *management* transformation, rather than the more common expression *digital transformation*. In the Symbiocene age, neither can thrive without the other.



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Third time's a charm.

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Lastly, I would be remiss to not tip my hat to Fraser Brooks and his crew at Starbucks, Britannia Plaza (Calgary, Alberta), who kept the brain lubricants flowing, by the bay window... I raise my coffee cup (my very own, really, kept beneath the coffee machine cupboard) to Ainna Javier, Cale Black, Cheyenne Ockey, Gemma Maglaque, Gregory Vanderbeek, Heather Reid Rickard, Ismam Rahman, Justina Rogalsky, Katherine Kaye Moon, Kim Nursall, Lucille Fisher, Montana Albrecht, Pearpreet Kaur, and Yenimar Badell. Business must be good: the list is longer than before...



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