

THE HUMAN RIGHTS COVENANTS AT 50

THEIR PAST, PRESENT, AND FUTURE

DANIEL MOECKLI . HELEN KELLER . CORINA HERI

THE HUMAN RIGHTS COVENANTS AT 50

The Human Rights Covenants at 50

Their Past, Present, and Future

Edited by
DANIEL MOECKLI
HELEN KELLER

Assistant Editor
CORINA HERI





Great Clarendon Street, Oxford, OX2 6DP, United Kingdom

Oxford University Press is a department of the University of Oxford.

It furthers the University's objective of excellence in research, scholarship, and education by publishing worldwide. Oxford is a registered trade mark of Oxford University Press in the UK and in certain other countries

© Daniel Moeckli, Helen Keller, and Corina Heri 2018

The moral rights of the authors have been asserted

First Edition published in 2018

Impression: 1

All rights reserved. No part of this publication may be reproduced, stored in a retrieval system, or transmitted, in any form or by any means, without the prior permission in writing of Oxford University Press, or as expressly permitted by law, by licence or under terms agreed with the appropriate reprographics rights organization. Enquiries concerning reproduction outside the scope of the above should be sent to the Rights Department, Oxford University Press, at the address above

You must not circulate this work in any other form and you must impose this same condition on any acquirer

Crown copyright material is reproduced under Class Licence Number C01P0000148 with the permission of OPSI and the Queen's Printer for Scotland

Published in the United States of America by Oxford University Press 198 Madison Avenue, New York, NY 10016, United States of America

British Library Cataloguing in Publication Data

Data available

Library of Congress Control Number: 2018930388

ISBN 978-0-19-882589-0

Printed and bound by CPI Group (UK) Ltd, Croydon, CR0 4YY

Links to third party websites are provided by Oxford in good faith and for information only. Oxford disclaims any responsibility for the materials contained in any third party website referenced in this work.

Acknowledgements

At the origin of this volume was the idea that the fiftieth anniversary of the two UN human rights Covenants was a cause for celebration and reflection. We therefore gathered a group of eminent scholars and invited them to a symposium coorganized by the University of Zurich's Institute for Public International Law and the European Society of International Law and held in Zurich on 14–15 April 2016. The symposium, as well as the book resulting from it, would not have been possible without the support of many people, to whom we would like to express our gratitude.

First and foremost, we would like to thank the contributors for agreeing to draft their respective papers, presenting them in Zurich, and then turning them into chapters for this book.

We would also like to thank the many people who helped make the 2016 symposium a success. Matthew Craven, Jürg Lindenmann, and Matthias Mahlmann generously agreed to provide comments that helped improve the papers. Oliver Diggelmann and Joseph HH Weiler introduced and chaired the symposium panels and provided insightful remarks. Unfortunately, two of the contributors were prevented from travelling to Zurich. We are extremely grateful to Leena Grover and Lorenz Langer for agreeing to present their papers at the symposium at very short notice. Many thanks also go to Natalie Balazs, Patrik Dudar, Christine Tramontano, and Reto Walther, who were instrumental in organizing the symposium. Finally, we would like to express our gratitude to all the participants in the symposium for their perceptive questions and comments and to the Swiss Federal Department of Foreign Affairs, which kindly sponsored the event.

Corina Heri played a key role in editing all the chapters for the book. We thank her for the admirable efficiency and diligence with which she carried out this role. At Oxford University Press, Merel Alstein, Emma Endean-Mills, Natasha Flemming, and Kimberly Marsh expertly steered us through the various editorial stages, and we are very grateful for their support.

We hope that this volume will inspire the work of the UN treaty bodies and of human rights scholars as they begin to give the Covenants the shape they will take for the coming fifty years.

> Daniel Moeckli/Helen Keller February 2018

Contents

Lis	st of Tables	XV
Ta	ble of Cases	xvii
Lis	st of Contributors	xxvii
	st of Abbreviations	xxix
1.	Introduction	1
	Helen Keller and Daniel Moeckli	
	I. THE PAST: WHAT HAVE THE	
	COVENANTS (NOT) ACHIEVED?	
2.	The History of the Covenants: Looking Back Half a Century and Beyond Maya Hertig Randall	1 7
	I. Introduction	7
	II. The Political Context	10
	III. Select Thorny Issues	14
	A. The rights to be included	14
	B. States' obligations under the Covenants	17
	C. Measures of international supervision and enforcement	23
	IV. Concluding Remarks	26
	Bibliography	27
3.	Giving Meaning and Effect to Human Rights: The Contributions of	
	Human Rights Committee Members	31
	Gerald L Neuman	
	I. Introduction	31
	II. The Functions of the Human Rights Committee	31
	III. The Committee and Its Members	37
	IV. The Interpretative Function of the Members	40
	Bibliography	46
4.	Interpretation of the ICESCR: Between Morality and State Consent Daniel Moeckli	48
	I. Introduction	48
	II. The CESCR as Interpreter	49
	III. Rules of Interpretation	51
	A. The ICESCR	52
	B. VCLT articles 31–33	52
	IV. A Special Regime of Treaty Interpretation?	53
	A. 'Special' interpretive methods	54

viii Contents

		1. Effectiveness	54
		2. Evolutive interpretation	55
		B. Legality of 'special' interpretive methods	56
	V.	Between Morality and State Consent	58
		A. Morality	59
		1. Object and purpose: Teleological interpretation	59
		2. Rules of international law	60
		3. 'Special' interpretive methods	61
		B. State consent	62
		1. Travaux as supplementary means of interpretation	62
		2. Wording: Textual interpretation	63
		3. Subsequent practice	63
		C. Morality or State consent?	64
	VI.	Generating Legitimacy	65
		A. Adherence	67
		B. Coherence	67
		C. Transparency	68
		Conclusion	71
	Biblio	graphy	72
5.	NGO	s: Essential Actors for Embedding the Covenants in	
	the Na	tional Context	75
	Patrick	r Mutzenberg	
	I.	Introduction	75
	II.	Cooperation with the Committees Primarily Related to the	
		Reporting Procedure	77
		A. The role of NGOs in the reporting procedure	77
		1. NGO interaction prior to the review	80
		2. NGO interaction during the State report review	81
		B. The role of NGOs in the elaboration of General Comments	84
		C. The role of NGOs in the individual communications procedure	
		under the Optional Protocols	86
	III.	The Emerging Role of NGOs in the Implementation of	
		Concluding Observations and Views	87
		A. At the national level	87
		 Raising awareness at the national level 	87
		2. Engaging with national stakeholders	88
		B. Participation in the committees' follow-up procedure	89
		1. The embryonic follow-up procedure of the CESCR	89
		2. The key role of NGOs in the follow-up procedure of the HRC	90
		C. Difficulties for NGOs in engaging systematically with the UN treaty	
		body system	92
	IV.	Conclusion	93
	Biblios	graphy	94

Contents ix

II. THE PRESENT: WHAT IS THE INFLUENCE OF THE COVENANTS?

6.	Influe	nce of the ICESCR in Africa	99
	Manis	uli Ssenyonjo	
	I.	Introduction	99
	II.	Influence of the ICESCR on the African Regional Human Rights System	101
	III.	Influence of the ICESCR on the Domestic Protection of Human Rights in Africa	107
		A. Are the rights protected in the ICESCR part of domestic constitutions in Africa?	107
		B. Dualist approaches to the ICESCR in Africa and their influence on human rights	109
		C. Monist approaches to the ICESCR in Africa and their influence on human rights	117
	IV.	Conclusion	121
	Biblio	graphy	122
7.	Influe Başak	nce of the ICCPR in the Middle East	124
		Introduction	124
		Challenges to Surveying the Influence of the ICCPR in the	121
	11.	Middle East	126
	Ш	Pathways for Influence: Ratification, Reservations, Engagement,	120
	1111	and Legal Status	130
		A. Reservations to the ICCPR	133
		B. Engagement with the Human Rights Committee	135
		C. Domestic legal status of the ICCPR	137
	IV.	Resistance to HRC's Concluding Observations in the Middle	
		East Region	140
		A. States of emergency, counter-terrorism, and extraordinary judicial	
		practices	140
		B. Death penalty	142
		C. Extraordinary administration of justice systems	143
		D. Non-discrimination and equal citizenship agenda	144
		E. Minorities and indigenous peoples	145 147
	V	F. Democratic expression of political pluralism Conclusion	147
	Biblio:		149
	Didio	şıapnıy	14)
8.		nce of the ICESCR in Latin America a Pinto and Martín Sigal	151
		Introduction	151
		The Region's Constitutional Frameworks and Their Approach to International Human Rights Instruments	153
		1110111111011111 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	・ノノ

x Contents

		A. Argentina	154
		B. Brazil	155
		C. Chile	155
		D. Paraguay	156
		E. Uruguay	156
		F. Venezuela	156
		G. Ecuador	156
		H. Bolivia	157
		I. Interim conclusion	157
	III.	Justiciability of Economic, Social, and Cultural Rights	157
		A. The road to justiciability	157
		B. A new form of litigation	161
	IV.	Influence of the ICESCR on the Jurisprudence of	
		National Courts	162
		A. Argentina	163
		B. Brazil	165
		C. Colombia	166
		D. Venezuela	168
		E. Other countries' experiences	170
	V.	Influence of the ICESCR on the Regional Human Rights System	171
		A. The San Salvador Protocol	171
		B. Measuring progress	172
		C. Incorporating ESCR into the regional case law	173
	VI.	Political Impact, Poverty, and Social Rights Violations:	
		The CESCR and the IACHR	175
	VII.	The By-products of ESCR's Justiciability in the Region	179
		Concluding Remarks	180
	Biblio		181
		5 ° F ° 7	
9.	Influe	nce of the ICCPR in Asia	184
	Yogesh	Tyagi	
	_	Introduction	184
	II.	Preliminary Observations	185
		Theoretical Framework	186
		Assessment of the Influence of the ICCPR	187
	1 4.	A. Participation in the drafting of the ICCPR	187
		B. Acceptance of the ICCPR	188
		C. Reservations and declarations	189
		Objections to reservations and declarations	190
		2. Withdrawal of reservations and declarations	191
		D. Status of treaties under domestic law	191
		E. Influence of the ICCPR on domestic law	195
		F. Influence of the ICCPR on domestic courts	196
		Influence of the draft ICCPR	196
		2. Influence of the ICCPR before States' ratification or accession	196
		3. Influence of the ICCPR on the domestic courts of	
		the States parties	197
		G. Influence of the ICCPR on legal scholarship	198

Conter	nts	xi
--------	-----	----

	Contents	xi
	H. Influence of national human rights institutions	201
	I. Reporting record	203
	J. Influence of General Comments and concluding observations	205
	K. Influence of Views	206
	L. Influence of the Universal Periodic Review	207
	M. Availability of human rights documents in local languages	
	and their accessibility	208
	N. General support	209
	V. Concluding Remarks	209
	Bibliography	212
10.	Influence of the ICESCR in Europe Amrei Müller	215
	I. Introduction	215
	II. Influence of the ICESCR by Acceptance of ESCRs' Direct Effect?	218
	A. Signs of increased legal influence	218
	B. Signs revealing the limits of legal influence	225
	III. Particularities of Domestic Systems	231
	IV. The Financial and Economic Crises as a Chance for Reinforced	
	Engagement with the ICESCR in Europe?	235
	V. Concluding Remarks	239
	Bibliography	240
	The Influence of the Two Covenants on States Parties Across Regions: Lessons for the Role of Comparative Law and of Regions in International Human Rights Law	243
	Samantha Besson	2/2
	I. Introduction	243
	II. A Framework for the Proposed Regional Human Rights	- / -
	Comparison	246
	III. Comparative Analysis of the Regional Influence of the Two	
	Covenants	251
	A. Comparative analysis	252
	1. International law status	252
	 'Domestic international law' status Domestic constitutional order 	255257
	4. Domestic institutions	258
	5. Other domestic actors	260
	B. An overall assessment: Four trends and five needs	261
	IV. A Comparative Law Argument for the Authority of the	
	Committees' Interpretations	262
	V. Three Proposals for Enhancing the Legitimacy of the	202
	Committees' Interpretations	264
	A. The role of subsidiarity in Covenant law	265
	B. The role of comparison and transnational consensus	
	in Covenant law	267
	C. The role of regions and regional human rights regimes under	
	Covenant law	269

xii Contents

	VI.	Conclusions	273
	Biblio	ography	273
		III. THE FUTURE: WHAT SHOULD	
		BECOME OF THE COVENANTS?	
12	т с		270
12.		Covenants in the Light of Anthropogenic Climate Change	279
		en Humphreys	270
		Introduction	279
		Preambles to the Covenants	283
		Common Article 1 (Self-determination)	286
	IV.	Jurisdiction (Articles 2)	291
		A. Article 2 of the ICCPR B. Article 2 of the ICESCR	291 294
	V		296
	٧.	Limitation/Derogation (Articles 4 and 5) A. Common article 4 of the ICCPR and ICESCR	296
		B. Common article 5 of the ICCPR and ICESCR	298
	VI	Conclusion	298
		ography	301
	DIUIIC	Brabita	501
13.	The C	Covenants and Financial Crises	303
	Chris	tine Kaufmann	
		Introduction	303
	II.	Anatomy of Financial Crises: Who, How, and What?	304
		A. Typologies of an 'equal opportunity menace': Currency, balance of	
		payments, and debt and banking crises	304
		B. Human rights impacts of financial crises	307
		1. Economic, social, and cultural rights	308
		2. Civil and political rights	309
		3. Equality and non-discrimination	310
		C. Human rights in times of financial crises: Two case studies	311
		1. Argentina	311
	TTT	2. Greece	314
	111.	States' Human Rights Obligations in Times of Financial Crises	317 318
		A. States' obligations as parties to the UN Covenants B. State responsibilities as members of IFIs or participants in rescue	310
		programmes	320
		C. Obligations of States with regard to private actors	322
	IV	Human Rights Obligations and Responsibilities of IFIs	322
	1,,,	and Their Members	323
		A. Obligations and responsibilities	323
		B. IFIs' human rights obligations—Much ado about nothing?	323
		C. Human rights-related responsibilities of IFIs?	326
		D. The role of the LIN human rights bodies	327

	Contents	xiii
V	Conclusion: People, Process, and Paradigm	328
	A. People-oriented, rights-based perspective	328
	B. Processes for ensuring coherence	329
	C. Paradigm reloaded: Emancipation and translational human rights	329
Bibl	iography	330
14. The	Institutional Future of the Covenants: A World Court	
for I	Human Rights?	334
Felic	re D Gaer	
I	. Introduction	334
II	. Human Rights Treaty Implementation and the Covenants	337
	. Past Treaty Reform Efforts	338
	. Recommendations for Reform by Alston, and Others	339
	Consolidation Ideas: Stakeholder Meetings and Beyond	340
	. Arbour's Proposal Deferred: A Unified Standing Treaty Body	343
	. The Dublin Statement and Treaty Body Strengthening	344
	. The General Assembly Concludes the Treaty	
	Strengthening Process	345
IX	. A 'World Court' for Human Rights?	346
	. Improving Individual Communications: What Should be Done?	350
	iography	355
Index		357

List of Tables

Chapter 7	
7.1 UN human rights treaty commitment in the Middle East	131
7.2 Accession to the ICCPR in chronological order	132
7.3 Reservations to the ICCPR in the Middle East region	133
Chapter 9 9.1 Number of Asian States which failed to file reports under article 40 of the	
ICCPR	205
Chapter 13	
13.1 Typologies and impacts of financial crises	305

Table of Cases

INTERNATIONAL AND REGIONAL BODIES

African Commission on Human and Peoples' Rights	
Abdel Hadi, Ali Radi and others v Sudan, Communication No 368/09, 5 November 2013	06
Anuak Justice Council v Ethiopia, Communication No 299/05, 25 May 2006, AHRLR 97	
(ACHPR 2006)	00
Centre for Minority Rights Development (Kenya) and Minority Rights Group International on	
behalf of Endorois Welfare Council v Kenya, Communication No 276/2003	
(25 November 2009) 27th Activity Report of the African Commission on	
Human and Peoples' Rights	04
Democratic Republic of the Congo v Burundi, Rwanda and Uganda, Communication	
No 227/99 (29 May 2003) EX.CL/279 (IX)	ე4
Groupe de Travail sur les Dossiers Judiciaires Stratégiques v Democratic Republic of Congo,	
Communication No 259/2002, 24 July 2011	06
Open Society Justice Initiative v Côte d'Ivoire, Communication No 318/06 (27 May 2016), 38th	,,
Activity Report of the African Commission on Human and Peoples' Rights	<u>04</u>
Social and Economic Rights Action Center and Center for Economic and Social Rights v Nigeria,	,,
Communication No 155/96, 27 October 2001, AHRLR 60 (ACHPR 2001) 103, 108, 28	00
Socio-Economic Rights and Accountability Project v Nigeria, Communication No 300/2005, 29	ЭС
July 2008, AHRLR 108 (ACHPR 2008)	Λ¢
	JC
Sudan Human Rights Organisation and Another v Sudan, Communication Nos 279/03 &	0.2
296/05, 27 May 2009, AHRLR 153 (ACHPR 2009)	JĴ
Sudan Human Rights Organisation and Centre on Housing Rights and Evictions v the Sudan,	
Communication Nos 279/03 and 296/05 (27 May 2009) EX.CL/600(XVII), Annex V 10)2
Zimbabwe Human Rights NGO Forum v Zimbabwe, Communication No 245/2002, Annex	
III, 15 May 2006, AHRLR 128 (ACHPR 2006))6
African Committee of Experts on the Rights and Welfare of the Child	
Institute for Human Rights and Development in Africa (IHRDA) and Open Society Justice	
Initiative on Behalf of Children of Nubian Descent in Kenya v the Government of Kenya,	
Decision No 002/Com/002/2009 (22 March 2011)	05
,	
African Court on Human and People's Rights (ACtHPR)	
African Commission on Human and Peoples' Rights v Republic of Kenya App no 006/ 2012	
(ACtHPR, 26 May 2017)	04
Konaté v Burkino Faso App no 004/2013 (ACtHPR, 5 December 2014)	
Mtikila v United Republic of Tanzania App nos 009/2011 and 011/2011	
(ACtHPR, 14 June 2013)	36
Thomas v United Republic of Tanzania App no 005/2013 (ACtHPR, 20 November 2015) 37, 10) S
Wilfred Onyango Nganyi and Nine others v United Republic of Tanzania App No 006/2013	رو
(ACtHPR, 18 March 2016)	<u> </u>
(ACHTI K, 10 Match 2010)	Э.
Committee on the Elimination of Racial Discrimination (CERD)	
TBB Turkish Union in Berlin-Brandenburg v Germany (2013), CERD Communication	
	30

Court of Justice of the European Union (CJEU)
ECJ, Case C-370-12 Pringle v Government of Ireland [2012] EU:C:2012:756
Commission and European Central Bank [2016] EU:C:2016:701
East African Court of Justice
Matia Katabazi and 21 others v Secretary General of the East African Community and the Attorney General of the Republic of Uganda, Reference No 1 of 2007
ECOWAS Community Court
Registered Trustees of Socio-Economic Rights and Accountability Project (SERAP) v Federal
Republic of Nigeria and Universal Basic Education Commission (30 November 2010) ECW/CCJ/APP/12/07 and ECW/CCJ/JUD/07/10
European Committee of Social Rights (ECSR)
ECSR, Marangopoulos Foundation for Human Rights v Greece, Collective Complaint No 30/2005, 6 December 2006
ECSR, Federation of Employed Pensioners of Greece (IKA-ETAM) v Greece (7 December 2012), Complaint No 76/2012
European Court of Human Rights (ECtHR)
Airey v Ireland App no 6289/73 (ECtHR, 9 October 1979)
Al-Adsani v the United Kingdom App no 35763/97 (ECtHR, 21 November 2001)
Al-Skeini and Others v United Kingdom App no 55721/07 (ECtHR, Judgment of
7 July 2011)
Banković and Others v Belgium and 16 Other Contracting States App no 52207/99 (ECtHR, 12 December 2001)
Bayatyan v Armenia App no 23459/03 (ECtHR, 7 July 2011)
Demir and Baykara v Turkey App no 34503/97 (ECtHR, 12 November 2008)27
Golder v the United Kingdom App no 4451/70 (ECtHR, 21 February 1975)
Issa and Others v Turkey App no 31821/96 (ECtHR, 16 November 2004)
Jasvir Singh v France App no 25463/08 (ECtHR, 30 June 2009)
Loizidou v Turkey (Preliminary Objections) App no 15318/89 (ECtHR, 23 March 1995) 56, 292
Mamatas and Others v Greece App nos 63066/14 and 66106/14 (ECtHR, 21 July 2016)
Mangouras v Spain App no 12050/04 (ECtHR, 28 September 2010)
Matthews v the United Kingdom App no 24833/94 (ECtHR, 18 February 1999)
Tyrer v the United Kingdom App no 5856/72 (ECtHR, 25 April 1978)
Inter-American Court of Human Rights (IACtHR)
Acevedo Buendía et al v Perú, Judgment (Preliminary Objection, Merits, Reparations and Costs) Inter-American Court of Human Rights Series C No 198 (1 July 2009) 172, 174
Alejandro v Cuba, Inter-American Commission on Human Rights Report No 86/99
(29 September 1999)
Case of the 'Mapiripán Massacre' v Colombia, Judgment (Merits) Inter-American Court of
Human Rights Series C No 134 (15 September 2005)50
Case of the Mayagna (Sumo) Awas Tigni Community v Nicaragua, Judgment (Merits,
Reparations and Costs) Inter-American Court of Human Rights Series C No 79
(31 August 2001)
Case of the Yakye Axa Indigenous Community v Paraguay, Judgment (Merits, Reparations and
Costs) Inter-American Court of Human Rights Series C No 125 (17 June 2005)161, 17- Caso Comunidad Indígena Xákmok Kásek v Paraguay, Judgment (Merits, Reparations and
Costs) Inter-American Court of Human Rights Series C No 214 (24 August 2010)178

Coard v United States, Inter-American Commission on Human Rights Report No 109/99
(29 September 1999)
'Five Pensioners' v Peru, Judgment (Merits, Reparations and Costs) Inter-American Court of Human Rights Series C No 98 (28 February 2003)
Gonzales Lluy et al v Ecuador, Judgment (Preliminary objections, Merits, Reparations
and Costs) Inter-American Court of Human Rights Series C No 298
(1 September 2015)
Instituto de Reeducación del Menor v Paraguay, Judgment (Preliminary Exceptions, Merits, Reparations and Costs) Inter-American Court of Human Rights Series C No 112
(2 September 2004)
'Street Children' (Villagrán Morales et al) v Guatemala, Judgment (Merits) Inter-American
Court of Human Rights Series C No 77 (19 November 1999)
Inter-American Court of Human Rights Series C No 261 (21 May 2013)
The Effect of Reservations on the Entry into Force of the American Convention on Human Rights (Advisory Opinion) Inter-American Court of Human Rights Series A No 2
(24 September 1982)
The Kaliña and Lokono Peoples v Suriname, Judgment (Merits, Reparations and Costs)
Inter-American Court of Human Rights Series C No 309 (25 November 2015)
The Right to Information on Consular Assistance in the Framework of Guarantees for Due Legal
Process (Advisory Opinion) Inter-American Court of Human Rights Series C No 16 (1 October 1999)
Velásquez Rodríguez v Honduras, Judgment (Merits) Inter-American Court of Human Rights Series C No 4 (29 July 1988)
Ximenes Lopes v Brazil, Judgment (Preliminary objections, Merits, Reparations and Costs) Inter-American Court of Human Rights Series C No 149 (4 July 2006)
International Centre for Settlement of Investment Disputes (ICSID)
International Centre for Settlement of Investment Disputes (ICSID), CMS Gas Transmission
Company v the Argentine Republic (award), 12 May 2005, ICSID case no ARB/01/8
International Court of Justice (ICJ)
Accordance with International Law of the Unilateral Declaration of Independence in Respect of
Kosovo (Advisory Opinion) [2010] ICJ Rep 403
Discrimination (Georgia v Russian Federation) (Preliminary Objections) [2011] ICJ Rep 70 57
Ahmadou Sadio Diallo (Republic of Guinea v Democratic Republic of the Congo) (Merits) [2010] ICJ Rep 639
Dispute regarding Navigational and Related Rights (Costa Rica v Nicaragua) (Merits) [2009]
ICJ Rep 213
Gabčíkovo-Nagymaros Project (Hungary v Slovakia) (Merits) [1997] ICJ Rep 7
Interpretation of the Agreement of 25 March 1951 between the WHO and Egypt (Advisory
Opinion) [1980] ICJ Reports 73
Legal Consequences for States of the Continued Presence of South Africa in Namibia (South West
Africa), notwithstanding Security Council Resolution 276 (1970) (Advisory Opinion)
[1971] ICJ Rep 12
Legal Consequences of the Construction of a Wall in the Occupied Palestinian Territory (Advisory
Opinion) [2004] ICJ Rep 136
Questions Relating to the Obligation to Prosecute or Extradite (Belgium v Senegal) (Merits) [1949] ICJ Rep 422
Reparation for Injuries Suffered in the Service of the United Nations (Advisory Opinion) [1949]
ICJ Reports 174

South West Africa (Ethiopia v South Africa; Liberia v South Africa) (Preliminary Objections)
[1962] ICJ Rep 319
Territorial Dispute (Libyan Arab Jamahiriya v Chad) (Merits) [1994] ICJ Rep 6
United States Diplomatic and Consular Staff in Tehran (Jurisdiction and Admissibility)
[1980] ICJ Rep 3
Western Sahara (Advisory Opinion) [1975] ICJ Rep 12
Permanent Court of International Justice
Exchange of Greek and Turkish Populations (Advisory Opinion) PCIJ Rep Series B No 10
UN Committee on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights (CESCR)
IDG v Spain, CESCR Communication No 2/2014 (13 October 2015) UN Doc E/C.12/55/
D/2/2014
Michael Andreas Müller and Imke Engelhard v Namibia, CESCR Communication No 919/
2000 (26 March 2002) UN Doc CCPR/C/74/D/919/2000
UN Human Rights Committee (HRC)
AS v Nepal, HRC Communication No 2077/2011 (6 November 2015) UN Doc CCPR/C/
115/D/2077/2011
Bhandari v Nepal, HRC Communication No 2031/2011 (29 October 2014) UN Doc CCPR/
C/112/D/2031/2011
Bikramjit Singh v France, HRC Communication No 1852/2008 (1 November 2012) UN Doc CCPR/C/106/D/1852/2008 30
Blessington and Elliot v Australia, HRC Communication No 1968/2010 (22 October
2014) UN Doc CCPR/C/112/D/1968/2010
Broeks v the Netherlands, HRC Communication No 172/1984 (9 April 1987) UN Doc CCPR/
C/29/D/172/1984
Fernando v Sri Lanka, HRC Communication No 1189/2003 (31 March 2005) UN Doc
CCPR/C/83/D/1189/2003
Giri v Nepal, HRC Communication No 1761/2008 (24 March 2011) UN Doc CCPR/C/
101/D/1761/2008
2014) UN Doc CCPR/C/112/D/2051/2011
Katwal v Nepal, HRC Communication No 2000/2010 (1 April 2015) UN Doc CCPR/C/
113/D/2000/2010
Maharjan v Nepal, HRC Communication No 1863/2009 (19 July 2012) UN Doc CCPR/C/
105/D/1863/2009
Naidenova et al v Bulgaria, HRC Communication No 2073/2011 (30 October 2012) UN Doc
CCPR/C/106/D/2073/2011
CCPR/C/86/D/915/2000
Sedhai v Nepal, HRC Communication No 1865/2009 (19 July 2013) UN Doc CCPR/C/108/
D/1865/2009
Sharma v Nepal, HRC Communication No 1469/2006 (28 October 2008) UN Doc CCPR/
C/94/D/1469/2006
SID v Bulgaria, HRC Communication No 1926/2010 (21 July 2014) UN Doc CCPR/C/
111/D/1926/2010
Weerawansa v Sri Lanka, HRC Communication No 1406/2005 (17 March 2009) UN Doc
CCPR/C/95/D/1406/2005
Yuzepchuk v Belarus, HRC Communication No 1906/2009 (24 October 2014) UN Doc 112/ D/1906/2009. 33
ال ا
World Trade Organization (WTO)
WTO, Korea: Definitive Safeguard Measure on Imports of Certain Dairy Products—Report of the
Appellate Rody (14 December 1999) WT/DS98/AB/R

NATIONAL COURTS

A & Ors v Secretary of State for the Home Department [2004] UKHL 56	.220
AA v Secretary of State for the Home Department [2013] UKSC 49	
Administrative Court of Ansbach, AN 2 K 07.00603, 7 August 2008	
Anufrijeva v London Borough of Southwark [2003] EWCA Civ 1406	
Asociación Civil por la Igualdad y la Justicia c/ GCBA s/ amparo (art 14 CCABA) No 23360/	
0 (19 March 2008) http://campusvirtual.justiciacordoba.gob.ar/moodle/pluginfile.	
php/2799/mod_folder/content/0/CCAyT%20ACIJ%20Educacion%20Inicial.	
pdf?forcedownload=1> accessed 10 March 2017	.165
B' & Ors v Secretary of State for the Foreign & Commonwealth Office [2004] EWCA Civ 1344	
Bangladeshi Supreme Court, Appellate Division, Bangladesh and another v Hasina and another,	
60 DLR (AD) (2008) 90	.197
Bangladeshi Supreme Court, Government of Peoples' Republic of Bangladesh v Abdul Quader	
Molla, Criminal Appeal No 24 of 2013	.195
Bangladeshi Supreme Court, High Court Division, Bangladesh Legal Aid and Services	
<i>Trust v Bangladesh</i> , Writ Petition Nos 5863 of 2009, 754 of 2010, and 4275 of 2010	.205
Bangladeshi Supreme Court, High Court Division, BNWLA v Government of Bangladesh and	
others, 14 BLC (2009) (HCD) 703	.197
Botswana Court of Appeal, Attorney General v Unity Dow (2001) AHRLR 99 (BwCA 1992)	.113
Botswana Court of Appeal, Student Representative Council of Molepolole College of Education v	
Attorney General [1995] (3) LRC 447	.112
Bundesverwaltungsgericht, Judgment of 29 April 2009, BVerwG 6 C 16/08	
Calcutta High Court, Union of India v Manmull Jain, AIR 1954 Cal. 615	
Colombian Constitutional Court, Judgment SU225-98, Sandra Clemencia Perez Calderon y	
otros c. Ministerio de Salud y la Alcaldía de Santa Fe de Bogota, 20 May 1998	.167
Colombian Constitutional Court, No C-005/17, Demanda de inconstitucionalidad c. el	
numeral 1 del artículo 239 y el numeral 1 del artículo 240 del Decreto Ley 2663 de 1950	
(Código Sustantivo del Trabajo) 18 January 2017	.167
Colombian Constitutional Court, No T-020/17, Yeison Fabian Arciniegas Omaña c. el Centro	
Penitenciario y Carcelario de Cúcuta y el Instituto Nacional Penitenciario y Carcelario	
(INPEC) 20 January 2017	.167
Colombian Constitutional Court, No T-025/04, Abel Antonio Jaramillo y otros c. la Red de	
Solidaridad Social y otros, 22 January 2004	.168
Colombian Constitutional Court, No T-428/12, Carlos Armando Orbes Benavides y otros c. la	
Secretaría de Educación Departamental de Nariño y el Ministerio de Educación Nacional,	
8 June 2012	.167
Colombian Constitutional Court, No T-533/09, Luis Alberto Lozano y otros c. el Municipio de	
Ibagué y otros, 6 August 2009	.167
Condliff v North Staffordshire Primary Care Trust [2011] EWCA Civ 910	
Constitutional Court of South Africa, Glenister v President of the Republic of South Africa and	
others (CCT 48/10) [2011] ZACC 6	.110
Constitutional Court of Uganda, Centre for Health, Human Rights and Development and three	
others v Attorney General, Constitutional Petition No 16 of 2011, [2012] UGCC 4	
(5 June 2012)	.108
Constitutional Tribunal of Peru, No 00052-2004-AA, Martha Elena Cueva Morales c. la	
resolución de la Primera Sala Civil de la Corte Superior de Justicia del Callao,	
1 September 2004	.170
Constitutional Tribunal of Peru, No 2945-2003-AA, Azanca Alhelí Meza García c. la sentencia	
de la Tercera Sala Civil de la Corte Superior de Justicia de Lima, 20 April 2004	.170
Dakar Court of Appeal, Senegal, Case No 501 of 27 July 1984	
Egyptian Constitutional Court Judgment of 1 March 1975 (Case No 2, Judicial Year 2)	
Federal Constitutional Court of Germany, 1 BvL 1/08, 8 May 2013	
Federal Constitutional Court of Germany, 1 BvL 1/09, 9 February 2010	
Federal Constitutional Court of Germany, 1 BvL 10/10, 18 July 2012	

Federal Constitutional Court of Germany, 1 BvR 1842/11, 23 October 2013
Federal Constitutional Court of Germany, 2 BvL 1/03, 26 January 2005228
Federal Constitutional Court of Germany, 2 BvR 2125/01, 19 September 2006
Gujarat High Court, Ktaer Abbas Habib Al Qutaifi v Union of India, 1999 Cri LJ 919
Hague District Court, Urgenda Foundation v the State of the Netherlands, C/09/456689/HA
ZA 13-1396, Judgment of 24 June 2015292–94
High Court of Ghana, Issa Iddi Abass & ors v Accra Metropolitan Assembly and Anor, Suit No
Misc 1203/2002, 24 July 2002, unreported
High Court of Kenya, Consumer Federation of Kenya (COFEK) v Attorney General & 4 others,
Petition No 88 of 2011, [2012] eKLR117
High Court of Kenya, Ibrahim Sangor Osman v Minister of State for Provincial Administration
and Internal Security, Constitutional Petition No 2 of 2011, [2011] eKLR121
High Court of Kenya, John Kabui Mwai & three others v Kenya National Examination Council
& two others, Petition No 15 of 2011, [2011] eKLR117
High Court of Kenya, Kenya Legal and Ethical Network on HIV & AIDS (KELIN) & Three
Others v Cabinet Secretary Ministry of Health & Four Others, Petition No 250 of 2015
[2016] eKLR
High Court of Kenya, Kenya Society for the Mentally Handicapped v Attorney General and seven
others, Petition No 155A of 2011, [2012] eKLR
High Court of Kenya, Luco Njagi & 21 others v Ministry of Health & two others, Petition No
218 of 2013, [2015] eKLR
High Court of Kenya, Mathew Okwanda v Minister of Health and Medical Services & three
others, Petition No 94 of 2012, [2013] eKLR117
High Court of Kenya, Michael Mutinda Mutemi v Permanent Secretary, Ministry of Education &
<i>two others</i> , Petition No 133 of 2013, [2013] eKLR
High Court of Kenya, Mitu-Bell Welfare Society v Attorney General & two others, Petition No
164 of 2011, [2013] eKLR
High Court of Kenya, PAO & two others v Attorney General, Petition No 409 of 2009 [2012]
eKLR117
High Court of Kenya, Republic v Minister for Home Affairs & two others Ex Parte Sitamze, Misc
Civil Case No 1652 of 2004, [2008] eKLR
High Court of South Africa, Mazibuko and others v City of Johannesburg and others (06/13865)
[2008] 4 All SA 471 (W) (30 April 2008)
High Court of Tanzania, Ephraim v Pastory [1990] Civil Appeal No 70 of 1989, (2001)
AHRLR 236112
Higher Administrative Court of Nordrhein-Westfalen, 15 A 1596/07, 9 October 2007
International Crimes Tribunal of Bangladesh, Abdul Quader Molla v Government of Peoples'
Republic of Bangladesh, Criminal Appeal No 25 of 2013, ICT-BD Case No 02 of 2012 195
Israeli High Court of Justice, HCJ 3239/02 Marab et al v Israeli Defence Force Commander (5
February 2003) ILDC 15 (IL 2003)
Israeli High Court of Justice, HCJ 7146/12 Adam et al v the Parliament (16 September 2013) 138
Januzi v Secretary of State for the Home Department & Ors [2006] UKHL 5
Japanese Supreme Court (1st Bench), Judgment, 14 January 2002, Hanrei Taimuzu [Law
Times Reports], vol 1085, 169
Japanese Supreme Court (1st Bench), Judgment, 21 January 1999, Hanrei Taimuzu [Law
Times Reports], vol 1002, 94
Japanese Supreme Court (Grand Bench), Decision of 4 September 2013, Hanrei Taimuzu
[Law Times Reports], No 1393, 64; Japanese YB of Intl L, vol 57 (International Law
Association of Japan 2014)
Kerala High Court, Francis Manjooran and ors v Government of India, AIR 1966 Ker. 20
Kuwaiti Constitutional Court Judgment of 22 October 2009 http://jurist.org/paperchase/
2009/10/kuwait-constitutional-court-rules-women.php> accessed 28 March 2017
Lahore High Court, Mst Rukhsana Bibi, etc v Government of Pakistan, etc (Writ Petition No
5939 of 2006) Multan Bench (18 May 2016) http://sys.lhc.gov.pk/appjudgments/
2016LHC2281.pdf> accessed 17 April 2017

Legislative Council of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region of the People's Republic of China, Panel on Administration of Justice and Legal Services, 'Implementation of International Agreements in the Hong Kong SAR' (No CB(2)1398/06-07(04),	
26 March 2007)	193
Lesotho Court of Appeal, Khathang Tema Baitsokoli and Another v Maseru City Council and others, Case (CIV) 4/05, CONST/C/1/2004, 20 April 2004, (2004) AHRLR 195	
(LeCA 2004)	
Limbuela v Secretary of State for the Home Department [2005] UKHL 66	
MA & Ors v The Secretary of State for Work and Pensions [2014] EWCA Civ 13	233
Maclaine Watson & Co v Dept of Trade and Industry [1989] UKHL [1990] 2 AC 418, 500	
(House of Lords)	
Malaysian High Court, Public Prosecutor v Narongne Sookpavit [1987] 2 MLJ 100	
McDonald v Royal Borough of Kensington and Chelsea [2011] UKSC 33	233
Namibian Supreme Court, Government of the Republic of Namibia v LM and others (SA 49/	
2012) [2014] NASC 19	
Padam Singh and others v Superintendent of Police, Agra and others, MANU/UP/0259/1969	196
Peshwar High Court, Advocate F M Sabir & Others v Federation of Pakistan, Writ Petition	
No 1551-P/2012	198
Quila & Anor v Secretary of State for the Home Department [2011] UKSC 45	228
R (Bancoult) v Secretary of State for Foreign and Commonwealth Affairs (No 2) [2009]	
AC 453	110
R (Hurley and Moore) v Secretary of State for Business Innovation & Skills [2012]	220
EWHC 201 (Admin)	
R (SG and Others) v Secretary of State for Work and Pensions [2015] UKSC 16	
R v Jones [2006] UKHL 16, [2006] 2 WLR 772	
Re McKerr [2004] UKHL 12, [2004] 1 WLR 807	
Russian Constitutional Court, Judgment of 12 March 2015, No 4-P/2015	
Russian Constitutional Court, Judgment of 17 January 2013, No 1-P	
Russian Constitutional Court, Judgment of 19 April 2016, No 12-P/2016	
Russian Constitutional Court, Judgment of 19 January 2017, No 1-P/2017	
Russian Constitutional Court, Judgment of 24 January 2002, No 3-P	
Russian Constitutional Court, Judgment of 24 October 2015, 180 22-7 Russian Constitutional Court, Ruling of 14 July 2015, No 21-P/2015	220
Russian Constitutional Court, Ruling of 14 July 2015, No 1539-O.	
Russian Constitutional Court, Ruling of 2 July 2013, No 1333-O. Russian Constitutional Court, Ruling of 20 October 2016, No 20-P/2016	
Russian Constitutional Court, Ruling of 20 October 2010, 140 20-17/2010	228
Russian Constitutional Court, Ruling of 3 November 2003, No 343-0	220
Rutherford & Ors v Secretary of State for Work and Pensions (Rev 1) [2014] EWHC 1631	
(Admin)	233
Senegalese Court of Cassation, Souleymane Guengueng and others v Hissène Habré (2002)	.200
AHRLR 183 (SeCC 2001)	. 118
SG & Ors (Previously JS & Ors) v The Secretary of State for Work and Pensions [2014] EWCA	
Civ 156	. 233
South African Constitutional Court, Abahlali Basemjondolo Movement SA and Another v	.200
Premier of the Province of Kwazulu-Natal & others [2009] ZACC 31	114
South African Constitutional Court, Azanian Peoples Organization (AZAPO) and others v	
President of the Republic of South Africa and others (CCT 17/96) [1996] ZACC 16)	110
South African Constitutional Court, City of Johannesburg Metropolitan Municipality v Blue	
Moonlight Properties 39 (Pty) Ltd and Another [2011] ZACC 33	114
South African Constitutional Court, Governing Body of the Juma Musjid Primary School &	
others v Essay NO & others (Centre for Child Law & another as Amici Curiae) [2011]	
ZACC 13	3–16
South African Constitutional Court, Government of the Republic of South Africa & others v	
Grootboom & others [2000] ZACC 19	3, 114
South African Constitutional Court, Government of the Republic of Zimbabwe v Fick and others	
(CCT 101/12) [2013] ZACC 22	121

South African Constitutional Court, Head of Dept, Dept of Education, Free State Province v	
Welkom High School and Another; Head of Dept, Dept of Education, Free State Province v Harmony High School and Another (CCT 103/12) [2013] ZACC 25	.112
South African Constitutional Court, Khosa & others v Minister of Social Development [2004]	
ZACC 11	.114
South African Constitutional Court, <i>Mazibuko & others v City of Johannesburg & others</i> [2009]	
ZACC 28	115
South African Constitutional Court, Minister of Health and others v Treatment Action	
Campaign [2002] ZACC 16	.114
South African Constitutional Court, Thiagraj Soobramoney v Minister of Health (KwaZulu-	
Natal) [1997] ZACC 17	.114
Spanish Constitutional Court, Judgment 10/2014, 27 January 2014	
Spanish Constitutional Court, Judgment 110/2011, 22 June 2011	
Spanish Constitutional Court, Judgment 188/2013, 4 November 2013	
Spanish Constitutional Court, Judgment 247/2007, 12 December 2007	
Spanish Constitutional Court, Judgment 36/1991, 14 February 1991	
Spanish Constitutional Court, Judgment 93/2015, 14 May 2015	
Sri Lankan Supreme Court, Advisory Opinion on the ICCPR Act, SC Ref No 01/2008	
Sri Lankan Supreme Court, Singarasa v Attorney General of Sri Lanka, SC Spl (LA) No 182/99	
(September 2006)	.207
Sri Lankan Supreme Court, <i>Singarasa v Attorney General</i> SC Spl (LA) No 182/99 (2006) 198,	207
Sri Lankan Supreme Court, <i>Visuvalingam v Liyanage</i> [1984] 2 Sri LR 123	.198
Supreme Court of Appeal of South Africa, City of Johannesburg and others v Mazibuko and	
others (489/08) [2009] 3 All SA 202 (SCA) (25 March 2009)	.115
Supreme Court of Appeal of South Africa, Government of the Republic of Zimbabwe v Fick &	
others (657/11) [2012] ZASCA 122 (20 September 2012)	.121
Supreme Court of Appeal of South Africa, Minister of Basic Education v Basic Education for All	
(20793/2014) [2015] ZASCA 198 (2 December 2015)	.116
Supreme Court of Argentina, No A.186.XXXIV.REX, Asociación Benghalensis y otros c/	
Ministerio de Salud y Acción Social—Estado Nacional s/ amparo ley 16.986, 1 June 2000	.164
Supreme Court of Argentina, No C.823.XXXV.RHE, Campodónico de Beviacqua, Ana Carina	
c/Ministerio de Salud y Acción Social—Secretaría de Programas de Salud y Banco de Drogas	
Neoplásicas, 24 October 2000	.163
Supreme Court of Argentina, No Q.64.XIVI, Q. C., S. Y. c/ Gobierno de la Ciudad Autónoma	
de Buenos Aires s/ amparo, 24 April 2012 (cita Fallos: 335:452) www.cij.gov.ar/nota-9003-	
Derecho-a-la-viviendala-Corte-ordeno-a-la-Ciudad-poner-fin-a-la-situacion-de-calle-	1//
de-una-madre-y-su-hijo-discapacitado.html accessed 10 March 2017	. 164
Supreme Court of Argentina, Smith v Poder Ejecutivo o Estado Nacional, [2002-I] JA 237,	212
1 February 2002	
Supreme Court of Costa Rica, No 05316-2003, <i>Ligia Agüero Hernández c. directora del Centro</i>	.20/
Educativo Nuestra Señora de Desamparados, 20 June 2003	170
Supreme Court of Costa Rica, No 06096-1997, Luis Murillo Rodríguez c. el Presidente Ejecutivo	.1/0
de la Caja Costarricense de Seguro Social, 26 September 1997	170
Supreme Court of Ghana, New Patriotic Party v Attorney-General [1996–97] SCGLR 729	
Supreme Court of India, Anupriya Nagori v Union of India, Thr its Secretary and Ors, MANU/	.10/
SCOR/00058/2017	
Supreme Court of India, Dilip K Basu v State of West Bengal, MANU/SC/0799/2015	
Supreme Court of India, Jolly George Verghese v Bank of Cochin, MANU/SC/0014/1980	
Supreme Court of India, Maganbhai Ishwarbhai Patel v Union of India, (1969) 3 SCR 254	.194
Supreme Court of India, N Sengodan v Secretary to Government, Home (Prohibition and Excise)	101
Department, Chennai and Ors (2013) 8 SCC 664	.191
Supreme Court of India, NALSA v Union of India (2014) 5 SCC 438	
Supreme Court of India, NALSA v Union of India, MANU/SC/0309/2014	19/

XXV

List of Contributors

Samantha Besson is Professor of Public International Law and European Law at the University of Fribourg, Switzerland.

Başak Çali is Professor of International Law at Hertie School of Governance, Berlin, and Director of the Centre for Global Public Law at Koç University, Istanbul. She has published widely in many areas of international human rights law, including the influence of human rights law in domestic settings.

Felice D Gaer is the Director of the Jacob Blaustein Institute for the Advancement of Human Rights. She is also the Vice-Chair of the Committee against Torture, a United Nations-administered treaty monitoring body on which she has served since 2000.

Stephen Humphreys is an Associate Professor of International Law at the London School of Economics.

Christine Kaufmann is Professor of International and Constitutional Law and Chair of the Centre for Human Rights Studies at the University of Zurich. Her main research interests include the interactions between human rights, business and economic law, and the related implications on global governance.

Helen Keller serves as a Judge at the European Court of Human Rights and is Professor of Public Law, European Law, and Public International Law at the University of Zurich. She is also a former member of the UN Committee on Human Rights.

Daniel Moeckli is an Assistant Professor of Public International Law and Constitutional Law at the University of Zurich and a Fellow of the University of Nottingham Human Rights Law Centre.

Amrei Müller is a Leverhulme Trust Early Career Researcher in the Health and Human Rights Unit at the School of Law, Queen's University, Belfast. At present, she is conducting research for the project 'Healthcare in conflict: Do armed groups have obligations and responsibilities?', spanning human rights and international humanitarian law.

Patrick Mutzenberg holds a PhD in Human Rights from the University of Grenoble. He is currently the Director of the Centre for Civil and Political Rights, an NGO facilitating the participation of civil society in the work of the Human Rights Committee. He is also a lay-judge at the Criminal Tribunal in Geneva.

Gerald L Neuman is the J Sinclair Armstrong Professor of International, Foreign, and Comparative Law at Harvard Law School, and the Co-Director of its Human Rights Program. From 2011 to 2014, he was a member of the Human Rights Committee.

Mónica Pinto is Professor of International Law and International Human Rights Law, Director of the Master Program on International Human Rights Law, University of Buenos Aires Law School. She is a Member of the Committee of Experts on the Application of ILO Conventions and Recommendations, and President of the World Bank Administrative Tribunal.

Maya Hertig Randall (attorney at law, LLM Cambridge) is a tenured Professor of Constitutional Law at Geneva University. She is a member of the Swiss Federal Commission Against Racism and the ICRC, and co-directs the Certificate of Advanced Studies in Human Rights at the University of Geneva.

Martín Sigal is a Professor at the University of Buenos Aires Law School. He qualified as a lawyer at the University of Buenos Aires, and holds a Master in Laws (LLM) from Columbia University. He is a founder and former director of Asociación Civil por la Igualdad y la Justicia, and currently Director of the Center of Human Rights at UBA Law School, and a Member of the Board of Amnesty International, Argentina, and ACIJ.

Manisuli Ssenyonjo is Professor of International Law and Human Rights at Brunel University, London. He is the managing editor and co-editor-in-chief of the *International Human Rights Law Review*. His research and teaching interests are in areas of public international law and human rights law, including economic, social, and cultural rights.

Yogesh Tyagi is Vice Chancellor of the University of Delhi and a Member of the *Institut de Droit International*.

List of Abbreviations

AC Appeal Cases

ACHPR African Charter on Human and Peoples' Rights ACHR American Convention on Human Rights

ACIJ Civil Association for Equality and Justice (Asociación Civil por la

Igualdad y la Justicia)

ACtHPR African Court on Human and Peoples' Rights

AD Appellate Division (of the Bangladeshi Supreme Court)
AICHR Intergovernmental Commission of Human Rights

AIR All India Reporter

AJIL American Journal of International Law

ALI American Law Institute

ASEAN Association of Southeast Asian Nations

AU African Union

AWC Allahabad Weekly Cases
BGBl Bundesgesetzblatt (Germany)
BLC Bangladesh Law Chronicles
BLD Bangladesh Legal Decisions

BT German Bundestag

BVerwG Bundesverwaltungsgericht (German Federal Administrative Court)
BvR Verfassungsbeschwerde zum Bundesverfassungs-gericht (constitutional

complaint to the Federal Constitutional Court of Germany)

BwCA Botswana Court of Appeal

BYIL British Yearbook of International Law

Cal. Calcutta

CAR Central African Republic

CAT United Nations Convention against Torture (also referred to as UNCAT)

CBDR common but differentiated responsibilities

CEDAW United Nations Convention on the Elimination of all Forms of

Discrimination Against Women

CEDMHR Commission for Eliminating Discrimination and Monitoring of Human

Rights (Sri Lanka)

CELS Centro de Estudios Legales y Sociales (Center for Legal and Social Studies)

CERD Committee on the Elimination of Racial Discrimination CESCR Committee on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights

ch chapter

CJEU Court of Justice of the European Union
CMW Committee on the Rights of Migrant Workers

CoE Council of Europe
CPR civil and political rights

CRC Convention on the Rights of the Child

Cri LJ Criminal Law Journal (India)

CRPD Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities

DLR Dhaka Law Reports (Bangladesh)
DRC Democratic Republic of the Congo
ECHR European Convention on Human Rights

ECLAC Economic Commission for Latin America and the Caribbean

ECOSOC UN Economic and Social Council
ECSR European Committee of Social Rights
ECtHR European Court of Human Rights
EFSF European Financial Stability Facility
EHRC Equality and Human Rights Commission
EJIL European Journal of International Law

eKLR Kenya Law Reports ESCh European Social Charter

ESCR economic, social and cultural rights

ESCR-Net International Network for Economic, Social and Cultural Rights

ESIL European Society of International Law

ESM European Stability Mechanism

ETS European Treaty Series
EU European Union

EWCA England and Wales Court of Appeal

EWHC England and Wales High Court (Administrative Court)

F.Supp.2d Federal Supplement, Second Series (US) FAO UN Food and Agriculture Organization

FCC German Constitutional Court FMSLR Federated Malay States Law Report

GAOR Official Records of the UN General Assembly
WTO General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade

GDP Gross Domestic Product

GHG greenhouse gas

Hague YIL Hague Yearbook of International Law

HCD High Court Division (of the Bangladeshi Supreme Court)

HCJ Israeli High Court of Justice HIV human immunodeficiency virus

HL House of Lords

HRC Human Rights Committee

HRCSL Human Rights Commission of Sri Lanka HRTF Human Rights Task Force (Sri Lanka)

IACHR Inter-American Commission on Human Rights
IACtHR Inter-American Court of Human Rights
IASHR Inter-American System on Human Rights

ICC International Criminal Court

ICCPR International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights

ICERD Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Racial Discrimination ICESCR International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights

ICJ International Court of Justice ICM Inter-Committee Meeting

ICSID International Centre for Settlement of Investment Disputes

ICT-BD International Crimes Tribunal of Bangladesh

IFC International Finance Corporation
IFIs international financial institutions

IFOR International Fellowship of Reconciliation

IHRL international human rights law
IHRR International Human Rights Reports
ILA International Law Association

ILDC Oxford Reports on International Law in Domestic Courts

ILO International Labour Organization IMF International Monetary Fund

IPCC Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change

JCHR the UK Parliament's Joint Committee on Human Rights

Ker. Kerala

LeCA Lesotho Court of Appeal
LNTS League of Nations Treaty Series
LOIPR List of Issues Prior to Reporting

LR Law Review

MENA Middle East and North Africa

MLJ Malayan Law Journal NASC Namibian Supreme Court

NCHR National Commission for Human Rights (Pakistan)

NCIIHRT National Committee for the Implementation of International Human

Rights Treaties (North Korea)

NDCs nationally determined contributions NGO(s) non-governmental organization(s)

NHRC National Human Rights Commission (India)

NHRIs national human rights institutions

NIHRC the Northern Ireland Human Rights Commission NMRF National Mechanism for Reporting and Follow-up

OAS Organization of American States

OECD Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development

OHCHR Office of the United Nations High Commissioner for Human Rights

OP1-ICCPR First Optional Protocol to the ICCPR OP-ICESCR Optional Protocol to the ICESCR

PACE Parliamentary Assembly of the Council of Europe

PCIJ Permanent Court of International Justice PSNR permanent sovereignty over natural resources

RCC Russian Constitutional Court (R)ESCh (Revised) European Social Charter

RSC Russian Supreme Court SAR Special Administrative Region

SC Supreme Court

SCC Supreme Court Cases (India)

SCGLR Supreme Court of Ghana Law Reports SCHR the Scottish Human Rights Commission

ScotCS Scottish Court of Session
SCR Supreme Court Reports (India)
SeCC Senegalese Court of Cassation
SLR Sri Lankan Law Reports
SPR Simplified Reporting Procedure

SUHAKAM National Human Rights Commission of Malaysia

(Suruhanjaya Hak Asasi Manusia)

List of Abbreviations

UDHR Universal Declaration of Human Rights

UgCC Ugandan Constitutional Court

UK United Kingdom

xxxii

UKSC Supreme Court of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and

Northern Ireland

UNCAT United Nations Convention against Torture (also referred to as CAT)

UNGA United Nations General Assembly

UNGP UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights

UNTB UN human rights treaty bodies
UNTC United Nations Treaty Collection
UNTS United Nations Treaty Series
UPR Universal Periodic Review

VCLT Vienna Convention on the Law of Treaties

WTO World Trade Organization

ZACC Constitutional Court of South Africa
ZASCA Supreme Court of Appeal of South Africa

ZWHHC Zimbabwe Harare High Court

1

Introduction

Helen Keller and Daniel Moeckli

Human rights protection today marks a cornerstone of international law and belongs to its most developed areas. Human rights are enshrined in international conventions, as well as national constitutions, and form the subject of innumerable treatises. As compared to many other subject areas of international law, human rights have a considerable advantage: they can be asserted before international adjudicative bodies or courts. Their recognition is 'the foundation of freedom, justice and peace in the world', as the preambles of the International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights (ICESCR)¹ and the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights (ICCPR)² proclaim. However, the international system of human rights protection has been facing a number of major challenges, such as how to deal with the distinction between different categories of rights or how to design effective monitoring mechanisms. The system is very likely to continue to attract a great deal of attention over the next few years, as it is faced with the question of how to guarantee human rights in times of globalization, financial crises, environmental disasters, and climate change, war, and terrorism. The reader will find some answers to these questions in the present book, which contains papers that were presented during a symposium held in Zurich, Switzerland, in 2016 on the occasion of the fiftieth anniversary of the adoption of the ICESCR and the ICCPR.³

Half a century ago, on 16 December 1966, the UN General Assembly adopted the two UN human rights Covenants. While their adoption was celebrated all over the world, their fiftieth anniversary has received very little attention from the international community.⁴ The present volume marks this anniversary by taking stock of the first half-century of the existence of what are probably the world's two most important human rights treaties. It does so by reflecting on what the Covenants have achieved (or failed to achieve) in the years that have passed, by determining

The Human Rights Covenants at 50: Their Past, Present, and Future. Daniel Moeckli, Helen Keller, and Corina Heri. © Daniel Moeckli, Helen Keller, and Corina Heri 2018. Published 2018 by Oxford University Press.

¹ International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights (opened for signature 16 December 1966, entered into force 3 January 1976) 993 UNTS 3.

² International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights (opened for signature 16 December 1966, entered into force 23 March 1976) 999 UNTS 171.

³ The Symposium was organized by the Institute for Public International Law of the University of Zurich together with the European Society of International Law (ESIL) and took place on 14–15 April 2016.

⁴ See, for one of the rare exceptions, Eibe Riedel, 'Reflections on the UN Human Rights Covenants at Fifty' (2016) 54 Archiv des Völkerrechts, 132–54.

2 Introduction

and comparing their current influence in the various regions of the world, and by assessing their potential roles in the future.

Some fundamental issues that are addressed by the contributors to this book are as old as the two Covenants themselves. They concern, for example, the division of human rights into first- and second-generation rights, and the questions of whether there should be one central monitoring body—possibly a world court—or more than just one, and whether such a body or bodies should be able to issue legally binding decisions or 'only' recommendations. Other important questions dealt with in this book are how human rights treaties should be interpreted—in compliance with the Vienna Convention on the Law of Treaties or, rather, *sui generis*—and who is bound by the Covenants—only State actors or also private individuals. However, the contributors go beyond such questions, which have been explored before; they develop new answers to old questions and point to new challenges.

The book begins by looking back to the origins of the Covenants. The Covenants' story began with the ambitious goal of creating an International Bill of Human Rights. In 1945, the first milestone in this regard was reached with the proclamation of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights (UDHR). The next step was to be the inclusion of the UDHR rights in a binding human rights treaty. After years of tough negotiations, the two binding UN human rights covenants were finally adopted on 16 December 1966. In her chapter entitled 'The History of the Covenants: Looking Back Half a Century and Beyond', MAYA HERTIG RANDALL gives a detailed account of that time and the political context of the negotiation process.

The ICCPR and the ICESCR have played an important role in the protection of human rights in the last decades. The fact that a large number of States have ratified the twin Covenants can certainly be regarded as a success.⁶ Furthermore, the introduction of different monitoring and enforcement mechanisms—from the State reporting process to the individual application system—is another important achievement. With regard to the implementation of the Covenants, much depends on the actors involved, including the treaty bodies—the Committee on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights (CESCR) and the Human Rights Committee (HRC) and non-governmental organizations (NGOs). In this context, GERALD L NEUMAN, in his chapter 'Giving Meaning and Effect to Human Rights: The Contributions of Human Rights Committee Members', presents and discusses the multiple roles that the members of the HRC play with regard to the implementation of the rights guaranteed in the ICCPR. He argues that the members' most important contribution is their credible and professional interpretation of the ICCPR rights, thereby providing an objective framework for criticizing States' failure to respect these rights. DANIEL MOECKLI, on the other hand, comments on the-disputed-techniques that the CESCR has developed in order to interpret the ICESCR. His chapter 'Interpretation of the ICESCR: Between Morality and State Consent' argues that,

⁵ Universal Declaration of Human Rights (adopted 10 December 1948) UNGA Res 217 A(III).

⁶ 165 States have ratified the ICESCR and 169 States have ratified the ICCPR. See Office of the High Commissioner for Human Rights, 'Ratification of 18 International Human Rights Treaties' http://indicators.ohchr.org/ accessed 6 June 2017.

Introduction 3

for its interpretive practice to be legitimate, the CESCR must adhere to a set of interpretive principles, apply these principles in a coherent manner, and lay bare how a particular interpretive outcome is reached. PATRICK MUTZENBERG, in his contribution on 'NGOs: Essential Actors for Embedding the Covenants in the National Context', illustrates the position and the tasks of NGOs within the work of the Committees, as well as their crucial role in the process of implementing the recommendations of the Committees at the national level.

Almost half of the chapters of this book are dedicated to the assessment of the current influence of either the ICCPR or the ICESCR in one of the world's regions. The authors—namely Manisuli Ssenyonjo for Africa, Başak Çalı for the Middle East, Mónica Pinto and Martín Sigal for Latin America, Yogesh Tyagi for Asia, and Amrei Müller for Europe—were provided with the same set of non-exhaustive questions as a starting point for their contributions. They were asked to identify broad trends and challenges within the respective regions, or rather within States parties belonging to these regions, by considering, inter alia, the impact of the Covenants on national legislation and on the jurisprudence of national and regional courts; the influence of the General Comments, concluding observations on State reports, and Views concerning individual communications issued by the HRC and the CESCR; the impact of the Universal Periodic Review process with regard to the Covenants; the impact of the Covenants' standing on legal scholarship; and the availability of the relevant UN documents in the respective local languages as well as the accessibility of these documents.

The differences between the methodological approaches adopted by the authors of the five regional reports and the results they reached are striking. This might already be taken as an indication of the different underlying perceptions of the Covenants within the various world regions. None of the reports is based strictly on empirical studies. In other words, it is not possible to scientifically establish what kind of impact the Covenants have—or rather have had in the past—on the relevant national societies or on individuals, or the extent of such an impact. However, each of these reports contains the appraisal of a human rights expert—or, in the case of the Latin American report, two experts—who knows the relevant region and gives professional insight into the situation. It goes without saying that these assessments are subjective. Nevertheless, in the words of Samantha Besson, 'the five reports ... provide the first opportunity for a global or universal comparison of the influence of the two Covenants in domestic law'. 7 BESSON accepted the challenge of comparing the regional reports. In her chapter, entitled 'The Influence of the Two Covenants on States Parties across Regions: Lessons for the Role of Comparative Law and of Regions in International Human Rights Law', she not only presents a study in comparative international human rights law, but also provides a contribution to its methodology. Furthermore, she explores a central and recurring issue, namely the legitimacy of the Committees' interpretations of their respective Covenants, from

⁷ Samantha Besson, 'The Influence of the Two Covenants on States Parties Across Regions: Lessons for the Role of Comparative Law and of Regions in International Human Rights Law', Chapter 11 in this volume.

a comparative perspective. She argues that a comparison of regional approaches to human rights issues may provide the Committees with a fruitful avenue for identifying and consolidating an international consensus around Covenant rights, and that such a region-by-region approach may ease this process as compared to a purely State-by-State approach.

Finally, the book dares to take a look into the future. What challenges will the Covenants have to face? What role will they play in the years to come? Is there a need for institutional changes to ensure better implementation of the human rights enshrined in these treaties? Possible answers to these questions are found in STEPHEN HUMPHREYS'S chapter, 'The Covenants in the Light of Anthropogenic Climate Change'. He predicts a rather bleak future for the Covenants given that climate change has a huge and growing impact on the human rights system. He claims that the gap between the nominal rights enshrined in the Covenants and the legal remedies available to assert their breach is widening and beginning to appear unbridgeable. Hence, in a warming world, the promise of the Covenants to protect human rights cannot be kept. Christine Kaufmann, for her part, elaborates on the nature of financial crises, their impact on human rights, and the role(s) of the States bound by the Covenants. Her chapter, entitled 'The Covenants and Financial Crises', proposes three key elements for an effective implementation of the Covenants in times of financial crises: a people-oriented, rights-based perspective, a process to foster coherence, and a fresh paradigm which she calls 'translational human rights'. Finally, in 'The Institutional Future of the Covenants: A World Court for Human Rights?', FELICE GAER discusses and analyses the proposal by Manfred Nowak and Martin Scheinin to introduce a 'world court of human rights' to overcome the problem of the weak implementation system for Covenant rights. She advocates, instead of aiming at the creation of a 'world court' as a new 'big idea', a thorough analysis of the existing treaty body system in order to achieve the ultimate goal: providing greater human rights protection and enforcement of individual complaint decisions. In this analysis, one would, inter alia, need to consider the question of how to respond to the phenomenon that the human rights treaty bodies' reactions are notoriously late in many cases. Or, to put it differently: how can human rights bodies discuss imminent human rights violations in good time, in order to prevent them from taking place?

The added value of this book, we believe, lies in the diversity of its essays. Due to the different regional, theoretical, and professional backgrounds of the contributors, the volume gives the reader a unique, comprehensive, and practical insight into the multifaceted and contentious nature of human rights from different perspectives.

In times when the human rights system is constantly challenged, the international community would do well to pay (more) attention to the fiftieth anniversary of the two human rights treaties that are probably the most important and well-known instruments of their kind worldwide, to recall the—positive and negative—experiences made with them in the past half-century, and to learn from them. Today's challenges call for an effective human rights system. This book tells us that the ICESCR and the ICCPR undoubtedly contribute to the powerful protection of human rights throughout the world.

PART I THE PAST

What Have the Covenants (Not) Achieved?

The History of the Covenants Looking Back Half a Century and Beyond

Maya Hertig Randall

I. Introduction

The adoption of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights (UDHR)¹ on 10 December 1948 realized the first of the three limbs of an international bill of rights: (1) a declaration of rights, to be complemented at a later stage by (2) a binding human rights treaty and (3) international measures of implementation.² Whilst the adoption of the UDHR undoubtedly marked a milestone in the history of international human rights and has rightly been celebrated as a tremendous achievement,³ the realization of the second and third prongs was no less important. Casting the rights contained in the UDHR into binding treaty law was a paradigm shift,⁴ raising many intricate questions:⁵ how precisely should the rights be worded? Under which circumstances and conditions should it be possible to limit or to suspend them at times of emergency? Should States be free to enter reservations to binding human rights provisions or would this undermine the universal aspiration of the

- ¹ Universal Declaration of Human Rights (adopted 10 December 1948) UNGA Res 217 A(III).
- ² See ECOSOC (UN Economic and Social Council) Res 1/5 (16 February 1946).

³ As the UDHR did not provide for legal institutionalization, international lawyers' early reactions were, however, marked by scepticism. See Jochen von Bernstorff, 'The Changing Fortunes of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights: Genesis and Symbolic Dimensions of the Turn to Rights in International Law' (2008) 19 EJIL 903, 903–10.

⁴ When the UDHR was adopted, many State representatives stressed the fact that it did not create any legal obligations. The representative of the United States, for instance, made the following statement before the General Assembly: '[i]n giving our approval to the Declaration today, it is of primary importance that we keep clearly in mind the basic character of the document. It is not a treaty; it is not an international agreement. It is not and does not purport to be a statement of law or of legal obligation' ('Remarks by Mrs Franklin D Roosevelt' (1948) Department of State Bulletin 19751, as cited in Hersch Lauterpacht, 'The Universal Declaration of Human Rights' (1948) 25 BYIL 354, 358). The United States' insistence that the UDHR was not a treaty reflected its stance during the drafting process. Like the Soviet Union, it had been pushing for a nonbinding document (see Christopher NJ Roberts, *The Contentious History of the International Bill of Human Rights* (CUP 2015) 68.

⁵ The negotiations on most of these questions are described in Roger Normand and Sarah Zaidi, *Human Rights at the UN: The Political History of Universal Justice* (University of Indiana Press 2008) 197–242.

The Human Rights Covenants at 50: Their Past, Present, and Future. Daniel Moeckli, Helen Keller, and Corina Heri. © Daniel Moeckli, Helen Keller, and Corina Heri 2018. Published 2018 by Oxford University Press.

International Bill of Human Rights?⁶ What obligations would States precisely have under a binding human rights treaty? Should these obligations extend to all levels of government or should the federal structure of States be taken into account?⁷ Should the human rights treaty to be drafted extend to dependent territories? Drafting a binding human rights treaty required agreement on these vexing legal issues.

Providing for international supervision and enforcement mechanisms for the rights enshrined in a binding treaty was even more challenging: it required 'States to submit to international supervision their relationship with their own citizens, something which has been traditionally regarded as an absolute prerogative of national sovereignty'. Accepting international implementation signified 'a revolutionary change in the status of the individual', based on the insight that the most fundamental rights of every human being are a matter of international concern transcending the interest of any single State. 10

The members of the United Nations (UN) grappled with the tremendous obstacles entailed in completing the International Bill of Human Rights for almost two decades. The Commission on Human Rights (hereafter 'the Commission') finished its task in 1954. As is well known, its work resulted in two draft treaties, instead of one as originally envisaged. The subsequent negotiation and review process of the two draft Covenants within the UN General Assembly (UNGA) (mainly within its Third Committee) lasted twelve years. By the time the UNGA adopted the International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights (ICESCR), 12

- ⁶ As no agreement could be reached, the Covenants are silent on this issue. On the negotiations, see ibid 232–40.
- ⁷ The United States, supported by other federal States, namely Canada and Australia, pressed for over a decade for a so-called federal clause, which would have enabled federal States to limit the applicability of the covenant to the federal government. Due to strong opposition, this view did not prevail. ICCPR art 50 and ICESCR art 28, as finally adopted, read: '[t]he provisions of the present Covenant shall extend to all parts of federal States without any limitations or exceptions.' On the controversy raised by the federal clause, see Normand and Zaidi, *Human Rights* (n 5) 224–32; AW Bryan Simpson, *Human Rights and the End of Empire: Britain and the Genesis of the European Convention* (paperback edn, OUP 2004) 470–71.
- ⁸ Speech by John Humphrey (1 January 1952) UN Archives/Geneva, SOA 317/4/01 (C), quoted in Paul Gordon Lauren, *The Evolution of International Human Rights: Visions Seen* (3rd edn, University of Pennsylvania Press 2011) 232.
 - ⁹ Hersch Lauterpacht, An International Bill of the Rights of Man (OUP 2013) 194–95.
 - 10 ibid
- 11 For the decision to adopt two Covenants instead of one, see UNGA Res 543 (VI) (5 February 1952) UN Doc A/RES/543(VI). The General Assembly requested ECOSOC to instruct the Commission on Human Rights 'to draft two Covenants on Human Rights, to be submitted simultaneously for the consideration of the General Assembly at its seventh session, one to contain civil and political rights and the other to contain economic, social and cultural rights, in order that the General Assembly may approve the two Covenants simultaneously and open them at the same time for signature, the two Covenants to contain, in order to emphasize the unity of the aim in view and to ensure respect for and observance of human rights, as many similar provisions as possible, particularly in so far as the reports to be submitted by States on the implementation of those rights are concerned' (para 1). For a detailed analysis of the process leading to the split into two Covenants, see Daniel J Whelan, *Indivisible Human Rights: A History* (University of Pennsylvania Press 2010) 113–14 (ch 6).
- ¹² International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights (ICESCR) (opened for signature 16 December 1966, entered into force 3 January 1976) 993 UNTS 3.