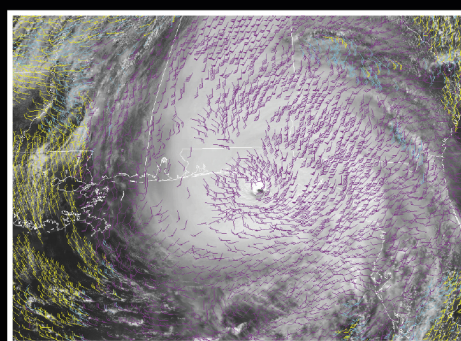
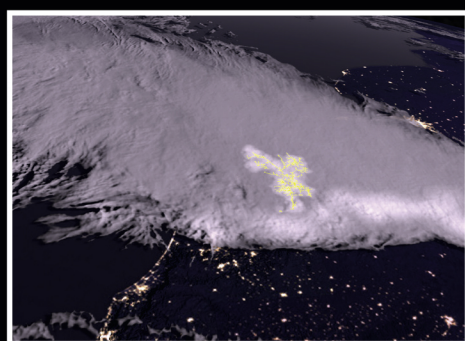


# The GOES-R Series

A New Generation of Geostationary Environmental Satellites



Edited by

Steven J. Goodman  
Timothy J. Schmit

Jaime Daniels  
Robert J. Redmon

# THE GOES-R SERIES

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Elsevier  
Radarweg 29, PO Box 211, 1000 AE Amsterdam, Netherlands  
The Boulevard, Langford Lane, Kidlington, Oxford OX5 1GB, United Kingdom  
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Upper Left: Extreme ultraviolet imagery reveals the onset  
of a major solar flare and eruption.  
Image credit: Daniel Seaton/University of Colorado

Middle: True color image of Hurricane Michael  
in the northern Gulf of Mexico.  
Image credit: Daniel Lindsey/NOAA

Lower Left: Lightning flash with extreme horizontal extent  
illuminating a storm complex over Uruguay.  
Image Credit: Michael Peterson/University of Maryland

Lower Right: Satellite derived upper level, mid level,  
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Image credit: Jaime Daniels/NOAA

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# Contributors

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- Americo Allegrino** I.M. Systems Group (IMSG), Inc., Rockville, MD, United States
- Andrew Bailey** I.M. Systems Group (IMSG), Inc., Rockville, MD, United States
- S. Dave Bouwer** Space Environment Technologies, Thornton, CO, United States
- Wayne Bresky** I.M. Systems Group (IMSG), Inc., Rockville, MD, United States
- Samuel Califf** Cooperative Institute for Research in Environmental Sciences (CIRES), University of Colorado-Boulder; NOAA National Centers for Environmental Information (NCEI), Boulder, CO, United States
- Corey Calvert** Cooperative Institute for Meteorological Satellite Studies (CIMSS), University of Wisconsin-Madison, Madison, WI, United States
- John L. Cintineo** Cooperative Institute for Meteorological Satellite Studies, University of Wisconsin-Madison, Madison, WI, United States
- Pubu Ciren** I.M. Systems Group, Inc., Rockville, MD, United States
- Stefan Codrescu** Cooperative Institute for Research in Environmental Sciences (CIRES), University of Colorado-Boulder; NOAA National Centers for Environmental Information (NCEI), Boulder, CO, United States
- Jaime Daniels** NOAA/NESDIS Center for Satellite Applications and Research, College Park, MD, United States
- Jonathan M. Darnel** Cooperative Institute for Research in Environmental Sciences (CIRES), University of Colorado-Boulder; NOAA National Centers for Environmental Information (NCEI), Boulder, CO, United States
- Thomas D. Eden, Jr.** Laboratory for Atmospheric and Space Physics (LASP), University of Colorado-Boulder, Boulder, CO, United States
- Francis G. Eparvier** Laboratory for Atmospheric and Space Physics (LASP), University of Colorado-Boulder, Boulder, CO, United States
- Steven J. Goodman** GOES-R Program Chief Scientist (Retired), Thunderbolt Global Analytics, Huntsville, AL, United States
- Mathew M. Gunshor** Cooperative Institute for Meteorological Satellite Studies (CIMSS), University of Wisconsin-Madison, Madison, WI, United States
- Andrew K. Heidinger** NOAA/NESDIS Center for Satellite Applications and Research, Advanced Satellite Products Branch, Madison, WI, United States
- Jay Hoffman** Cooperative Institute for Meteorological Satellite Studies (CIMSS), University of Wisconsin-Madison, Madison, WI, United States
- Vicki Hsu** Cooperative Institute for Research in Environmental Sciences (CIRES), University of Colorado-Boulder; NOAA National Centers for Environmental Information (NCEI), Boulder, CO, United States
- Amy Huff** I.M. Systems Group, Inc., Rockville, MD, United States
- J. Marcus Hughes** Computer Science Department, University of Colorado-Boulder, Boulder, CO, United States
- Jeffrey R. Key** NOAA/NESDIS Center for Satellite Applications and Research (STAR), Madison, WI, United States
- Hye-Yun Kim** I. M. Systems Group, Rockville, MD, United States
- Shobha Kondragunta** NOAA/NESDIS Center for Satellite Applications and Research, Satellite Meteorology and Climatology Division (STAR SMCD), College Park, MD, United States
- Brian T. Kress** NOAA National Centers for Environmental Information; Cooperative Institute for Research in Environmental Sciences (CIRES) at CU, Boulder, CO, United States
- Robert J. Kuligowski** NOAA/NESDIS Center for Satellite Applications and Research Environmental Monitoring Branch, College Park, MD, United States
- Istvan Laszlo** NOAA/NESDIS Center for Satellite Applications and Research Environmental Monitoring Branch; University of Maryland, Department of Atmospheric and Oceanic Science, College Park, MD, United States
- Aaron Letterly** Cooperative Institute for Meteorological Satellite Studies (CIMSS), University of Wisconsin-Madison, Madison, WI, United States

- Jun Li** Cooperative Institute for Meteorological Satellite Studies (CIMSS), University of Wisconsin-Madison, Madison, WI, United States
- Zhenglong Li** Cooperative Institute for Meteorological Satellite Studies (CIMSS), University of Wisconsin-Madison, Madison, WI, United States
- Daniel T. Lindsey** NOAA/NESDIS Center for Satellite Applications and Research, Regional and Mesoscale Meteorology Branch, Fort Collins, CO, United States
- Yinghui Liu** NOAA/NESDIS Center for Satellite Applications and Research (STAR), Madison, WI, United States
- Hongqing Liu** I. M. Systems Group, Rockville, MD, United States
- Paul T.M. Loto'aniu** Cooperative Institute for Research in Environmental Sciences (CIRES), University of Colorado-Boulder; NOAA National Centers for Environmental Information (NCEI), Boulder, CO, United States
- Janet L. Machol** Cooperative Institute for Research in Environmental Sciences (CIRES), University of Colorado-Boulder; NOAA National Centers for Environmental Information (NCEI), Boulder, CO, United States
- Graeme Martin** Cooperative Institute for Meteorological Satellite Studies, University of Wisconsin-Madison, Space Science and Engineering Center, Madison, WI, United States
- William E. McClintock** Laboratory for Atmospheric and Space Physics (LASP), University of Colorado-Boulder, Boulder, CO, United States
- Donna McNamara** NOAA Office of Satellite and Product Operations, Mission Operations Division, Suitland, MD, United States
- James McNitt** NOAA National Environmental Satellite, Data, and Information Service, Office of Satellite and Product Operations, Satellite Products and Services Division, Suitland, MD, United States
- Randle Meisner** Laboratory for Atmospheric and Space Physics (LASP), University of Colorado-Boulder, Boulder, CO, United States
- W. Paul Menzel** Cooperative Institute for Meteorological Satellite Studies (CIMSS), University of Wisconsin-Madison, Madison, WI, United States
- Steven D. Miller** Cooperative Institute for Research in the Atmosphere, Colorado State University, Fort Collins, CO, United States
- Kathryn Mozer** NOAA Oceanic and Atmospheric Research, Office of Policy, Planning and Evaluation, Silver Spring, MD, United States
- Steven Mueller** Laboratory for Atmospheric and Space Physics (LASP), University of Colorado-Boulder, Boulder, CO, United States
- Sharon Nebuda** Cooperative Institute for Meteorological Satellite Studies (CIMSS), University of Wisconsin-Madison, Madison, WI, United States
- Terrance G. Onsager** NOAA Space Weather Prediction Center (SWPC), Boulder, CO, United States
- Thomas H. Painter** Joint Institute for Regional Earth System Science and Engineering, University of California, Los Angeles, CA, United States
- Michael J. Pavolonis** NOAA/NESDIS Center for Satellite Applications and Research, Advanced Satellite Products Branch, Madison, WI, United States
- Rachel T. Pinker** University of Maryland, Department of Atmospheric and Oceanic Science, College Park, MD, United States
- Robert J. Redmon** NOAA National Centers for Environmental Information (NCEI), Boulder, CO, United States
- Alysha A. Reinard** Cooperative Institute for Research in Environmental Sciences (CIRES), University of Colorado-Boulder; NOAA Space Weather Prediction Center (SWPC), Boulder, CO, United States
- Juan V. Rodriguez** NOAA National Centers for Environmental Information; Cooperative Institute for Research in Environmental Sciences (CIRES) at CU, Boulder, CO, United States
- Scott D. Rudlosky** NOAA/NESDIS Center for Satellite Applications and Research Satellite Climate Studies Branch, College Park, MD, United States
- Chris Schmidt** Cooperative Institute for Meteorological Satellite Studies (CIMSS), University of Wisconsin-Madison, Madison, WI, United States
- Timothy J. Schmit** NOAA/NESDIS Center for Satellite Applications and Research, Advanced Satellite Products Branch, Madison, WI, United States
- Curtis Seaman** Cooperative Institute for Research in the Atmosphere, Colorado State University, Fort Collins, CO, United States

- Daniel B. Seaton** Cooperative Institute for Research in Environmental Sciences (CIRES), University of Colorado-Boulder; NOAA National Centers for Environmental Information (NCEI), Boulder, CO, United States
- Justin M. Sieglaff** Cooperative Institute for Meteorological Satellite Studies, University of Wisconsin-Madison, Madison, WI, United States
- Howard J. Singer** Space Weather Prediction Center, National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, Boulder, CO, United States
- Martin Snow** Laboratory for Atmospheric and Space Physics (LASP), University of Colorado-Boulder, Boulder, CO, United States
- William Straka, III** Cooperative Institute for Meteorological Satellite Studies (CIMSS), University of Wisconsin-Madison, Madison, WI, United States
- Pamela C. Sullivan** National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA) National Environmental Satellite, Data, and Information Service (NESDIS), NASA Goddard Space Flight Center, Greenbelt, MD, United States
- Ed Thiemann** Laboratory for Atmospheric and Space Physics (LASP), University of Colorado-Boulder, Boulder, CO, United States
- Christopher S. Velden** Cooperative Institute for Meteorological Satellite Studies (CIMSS), University of Wisconsin-Madison, Madison, WI, United States
- Rodney A. Viereck** Cooperative Institute for Research in Environmental Sciences (CIRES), University of Colorado-Boulder; NOAA Space Weather Prediction Center (SWPC), Boulder, CO, United States
- Katrina S. Virts** NASA/Marshall Space Flight Center, Huntsville, AL, United States
- Andi Walther** Cooperative Institute for Meteorological Satellite Studies (CIMSS), University of Wisconsin-Madison, Madison, WI, United States
- Xuanji Wang** Cooperative Institute for Meteorological Satellite Studies (CIMSS), University of Wisconsin-Madison, Madison, WI, United States
- Steven Wanzong** Cooperative Institute for Meteorological Satellite Studies (CIMSS), University of Wisconsin-Madison, Madison, WI, United States
- Donald L. Woodraska** Laboratory for Atmospheric and Space Physics (LASP), University of Colorado-Boulder, Boulder, CO, United States
- Thomas N. Woods** Laboratory for Atmospheric and Space Physics (LASP), University of Colorado-Boulder, Boulder, CO, United States
- Yunyue Yu** NOAA/NESDIS Center for Satellite Applications and Research, Environmental Monitoring Branch, College Park, MD, United States
- Peng Yu** Earth System Science Interdisciplinary Center, University of Maryland, College Park, MD, United States
- Hai Zhang** I.M. Systems Group, Inc., Rockville, MD, United States



# Preface

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It is not every day when you get to be a part of history, and it is even rarer to see and participate in an endeavor that positively changes the lives of billions now and in the future. The Geostationary Operational Environmental Satellites (GOES)-R Series (GOES-R) provides exactly that—a technical, intellectual, and scientific adventure to observe and understand our planet and to inform and instruct us all on how to see the world and to thrive on it. It was my privilege to be a part of the team that brought GOES-R to completion and delivered the satellites to the world.

The United States deployed the first geostationary satellites to observe weather and other environmental phenomena over 50 years ago. The National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), working with the National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA) and with many academic and industrial partners, has been continuously operating GOES since 1975, and over the years GOES observations have gradually become a part of daily lives. Through the first 15 GOES, NOAA and NASA learned how to build instruments and satellites to deliver nearly continuous observations of high impact environmental phenomena such as severe storms, hurricanes, flash floods, fires, volcanic eruptions, and solar storms, and showed us which measurements were the most informative. But when the last satellite, GOES-15, was launched in 2010, it was flying with technology developed in the 1980s.

Between 1999 and 2006, NOAA led an effort, working with NASA and a broad coalition of experts from throughout the Earth observing, solar imaging, and space weather monitoring community, to envision what was necessary and what was possible for the future GOES. In the 44 years since the first GOES was launched, our understanding of the entire Earth environment has expanded, technology for satellites and Earth observing instruments has grown tremendously, and most significantly, our ability to process and interpret mammoth data rates from multiple sources has changed our perception of what could be done with a new GOES system.

The GOES-R Series is the result of that reimagining of geostationary observations and their place in monitoring the overall Earth, solar, and space environment.

In the chapters that follow, you will learn from those same scientists and engineers, numerical modelers, instrument developers, programmers, and program managers who considered the possibilities and then worked for decades to make GOES-R a reality. These men and women and the teams they led and worked with are the true visionaries of our Earth observation world, and we all benefit from their focus. Their reward is to revel in the wealth of data and information GOES-R is providing and will continue to provide for another 20+ years.

As you read through this wonderful book (or skip directly to your favorite chapter), I ask you to do two things. First, pay attention to how the authors describe what defined the instrument or application in question, what was the requirement that drove them. But also look at how they have continued to explore the ultimate possibilities of what we might learn from the measurements. These research efforts and aspirational applications will determine the ultimate value of GOES-R. Second, as you read, have a computer nearby so you can visit your favorite NOAA website with GOES-R data (<https://www.goes-r.gov/>) available for inspection, and look at the amazing video loops and movies—these are not simulations—coming from the GOES-R instruments. Above all else, it is the introduction of the real-time movie views from the many sensors that set GOES-R apart from everything that came before it.

*Stephen Volz*

Assistant Administrator, NOAA Satellite and Information Service,  
Bethesda, MD, United States





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