DEWEYAN INQUIRY

From Education Theory to Practice

JAMES SCOTT JOHNSTON

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Published by State University of New York Press, Albany

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Printed in the United States of America

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For information, contact State University of New York Press, Albany, NY www.sunypress.edu

Production by Eileen Meehan Marketing by Fran Keneston

Library of Congress Cataloging-in-Publication Data

Johnston, James Scott.
Deweyan inquiry : from education theory to practice / James Scott Johnston.
p. cm.
Includes bibliographical references and index.
ISBN 978-0-7914-9355-7 (hardcover : alk. paper)
1. Dewey, John, 1859–1952. 2. Education—Philosophy. I. Title.

LB875.D5J64 2009 370.1—dc22

2008024982

10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1

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Preface

I have written this book in hope that it is of some benefit to teacher educators, as well as practicing teachers and teacher candidates. Many, many good outlines of Dewey's educational theory exist, and I must answer to the question: Why, yet another one? This book will be of service to those who wish to see a condensed treatment of Dewey's theory and its uses in various curricular contexts. Much of the Dewey literature provides this, but not with inquiry as the central focus. Inquiry is often embedded in other concerns (reflective practice, pedagogy, the social aims of education, and the democratic classroom) and not developed with singular emphasis.

I have included some examples of how inquiry operates in relation to the various subject matters discussed. My examples are neither comprehensive nor exhaustive, and so, at the end of the book I list references that provide many better examples and strategies. My aim here is to get the reader thinking about how a teacher might use inquiry in the classroom or discuss inquiry in teacher education classes. There is voluminous literature on this subject, and I can only gesture towards it. I have included, in the footnotes, what I think are some of the best examples of this. Also in the footnotes is criticism of Dewey's approaches to inquiry in the context of the curriculum.

A final note: this book is not a substitute for Dewey's works: it is designed to stimulate teachers and teacher candidates to think of how best to use inquiry in the classroom. I recommend that, if this is used as a stand-alone text, then it be supplemented with some of Dewey's own writings—particularly as found in *Democracy and Education* or *Experience and Education*. For those wishing to concentrate on particular subject matters, I recommend reading the introduction, chapter 1, on general inquiry, and their chapter of interest.

Acknowledgments

There are several individuals I would like to thank for helping me in the preparation of this book. Thanks to Brian McAndrews, Skip Hills, Joan McDuff, and Azza Sharkawy, all at Queen's University Faculty of Education, for reading early drafts of chapters. Thanks to Azza Sharkawy (again) for directing me to Jeffrey Bloom's work on young scientists. Thanks to Lisa Chesnel, who sped this manuscript through the review process. Thanks to the reviewers at SUNY Press for their helpful suggestions. Thanks to Eileen Meehan for attempting to keep me on a tight production schedule. Special thanks to Carol for her grace, to my son, Frank, who once again put up with me while I was preparing the manuscript; to Rosa Bruno-Jofré, Dean of the Faculty of Education at Queen's University, for her never-flagging support, and to Xuemei, for love and inspiration.

Finally, this book is dedicated to Richard Rorty (1931–2007). I met Dick several times at various conferences, beginning in the late 1990's, and we spoke on the phone and conversed through email on several occasions. Dick is quite rightly responsible for the resurgence of interest in Dewey scholarship, largely through the publication of *Philosophy and the Mirror of Nature*, *Consequences of Pragmatism*, and his collected papers. I had the good fortune to tell him so on one occasion. His views on Dewey are to say the least, contentious. However, all agree that through his influence, Dewey is once again a force to be reckoned with in American philosophy, education, and social science.

The author wishes to acknowledge the Board of Trustees, Southern Illinois University and Southern Illinois University Press, for the selections from *The Collected Works of John Dewey*.