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## WHERE DO PLANTS COME FROM?

Imagine a land without plants. There would be no animals, of course, because animals depend on plants for their existence. But then, about 500 million years ago, something appeared in a pond. It may not have looked like much, but it would change our planet forever! This tiny plant, a type of green alga called a charophyte, was the great-great-grandparent of all the incredible plants we see alive today.

## The journey begins

Plants moved out of the water onto land about 470 million years ago. It wasn't an easy change, as they needed a protective layer to prevent them from drying out. These land conquerors came in the form of bryophytes—the mosses, liverworts, and hornworts. You can still find them growing in wet places today. Next came lycopods, with advanced plumbing systems that let them tower high above the ground. By 350 million years ago, they formed some of the first forests.



## Seeds of success

Stepping out of the prehistoric swamps, look up, and you'll see more familiar trees towering above you. They are the ancestors of the gymnosperms, which include conifers like the ones alive today.

Unlike the first land plants, which reproduced using tiny spores, gymnosperms had seeds. Seeds were the key to conquering the land. Seeds could remain dormant until the conditions were right for sprouting, and meant that plants no longer had to stick to wet habitats. There was no stopping plants now!

## Plant life blossoms

If a world without plants is too hard to imagine, how about a world without flowers? Over 100 million years ago there was an explosion of color on our green planet. Flowering plants called the angiosperms used color, smell, and sugary

rewards to entice insects, animals, and birds to disperse their pollen and seeds, and the landscape started to look very different. Today, flowering plants have turned our planet into a kaleidoscope of color.



